THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

Professional Cards.

Doctor C. W. Benson.

OFFICE at the Railroad House, (front room, formerly occupied by Dr. Kinzer,)
LITTLESTOWN, PA.
June 19, 1865. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.
Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. C. E. Goldsborough,

HAMPTON, Adams county, Pa., renews his offer of professional services to the public, and those requiring medical and surgical aid will find it to their interest to consult him. [May 21, 1866. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. J. A. Armstrong,

HAVING removed from New Salem, York county, and having located at Middletown, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. [July 31, '65. 1y

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 3, 1865. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store
Gettysburg, March 20.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stœver.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.
April 4, 1864. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT,
HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.
Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Washington Hotel,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the above Hotel, and will strive to keep it as a No. 1 House.

His table will be abundantly supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and his bar with the choicest liquors and wines. The stabling is large and commodious. He hopes by strict attention to merit a portion of the public's patronage. ISAAC B. HOUSER.
April 16, 1866. 3m

ALL kinds of PICTURES, large and small, neatly and correctly copied at the Excelsior. I. G. TYSON.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative *Powders*, for HORSES and CATTLE Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.
January 25, 1864.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Londen Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has issued over forty thousand policies, and *paid over twelve hundred claims.*

1866. At HORNER'S you can get Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JULY 2, 1866. 48TH YEAR.—NO. 40.

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,

CABINET FURNITURE,

which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.
Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

Pianos! Pianos!

PIANOS!—The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he can furnish PIANOS of the following manufacturers, or those of other make, if desired, at the lowest possible prices:

CHICKERING & SONS.
DECKER BROS.
HAZLETON BROS.
HAINES BROS.
GEO. STECK.
A. H. GAHLE & CO.
STEINWAG & SONS.

☞Particular attention is given to the selection of Pianos; and when so selected, in addition to the manufacturers' guarantee, the Pianos *are guaranteed by me.*

MASON & HAMLIN
CABINET ORGANS AND MELODIANS.

The recent improvements in these instruments are such as to fully warrant saying they are FAR SUPERIOR to any other make. One of the best evidences of their merit is, that their improvements are imitated by other makers. The new style, four stop organ, have a Sub-Bass and Octave Couplet, making it an instrument especially adapted to Church and Sabbath School purposes.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS

will be sent by mail to persons desiring them. Pianos tuned regularly. Pianos taken in exchange. PETER BENTZ,
No. 30 East Market St., York, Pa
June 12, 1865. 1y

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO. have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call. ☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.
June 19, 1865.

Hanover B. Railroad.

TIME TABLE.—On and after Friday, Nov. 24th, 1865, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN, (which makes connection with three trains on the Northern Central Railway at the Junction.) will leave Hanover at 9.00 A. M., for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and intermediate stations.

☞This train returns to Hanover at 12 M. and arrives at Gettysburg at 1 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2.20 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.10 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 5 P. M. Passengers by this Train for York lay over at the Junction until 6.12 P. M.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg, and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 9 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M. JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.
Dec. 18, 1865.

Cumberland Coal!

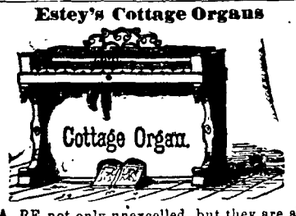
A LARGE supply of superior

BLACKSMITH COAL,

now on hand at reduced price. This Coal is superior to all other Coal in the United States for welding and other blacksmith purposes.

For sale by P. H. PYFER,
City Coal Yard, Frederick city, Md.
June 19, 1865. 1y*

Estey's Cottage Organs



ARE not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled*, by any other Reed Instrument in the country. Designed expressly for Churches and Schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room. For sale only by

E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 North Seventh St., Philadelphia.
☞Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,
No. 308 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Fresh Supply.

NEW GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES!—A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price. A. SCOTT & SONS.
April 2, 1866.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment. Also the BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction, sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1865. 1y

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS., and at C. H. BUEHLER'S. [Feb. 19,

MORO PHILLIPS'

Genuine Improved

Super-Phosphate OF Lime.

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots,
27 *North Front Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*
9½ *South Street, Baltimore, Md.*
And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The Material of which
MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE
is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, *therefore* it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Five years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.
☞Price $56 per ton—2000 pounds. Discount to dealers.
Feb. 12, 1866. tf

Soluble Pacific Guano.

200 LBS. SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO contains 70 lbs. *animal matter*, yielding 7 to 8 lbs. *ammonia.*

Also 80 to 90 lbs. *earthy bone Phosphate of lime*, 30 lbs. of which are *soluble phosphate.*

It combines all the advantages of the *best brands of Super-Phosphate*, with those of Peruvian Guano.

By reason of its greater *concentration*, we recommend 20 per ct. less by weight to be used per acre, than of any fertiliser costing the same per ton; and no more per acre than of *those selling at 20 per ct. more per ton.*—Hence *its economy.*

This guano weighs 65 lbs. per bushel, hence in applying it farmers must be governed by weight and not by bulk, for it is much lighter than the Super Phosphates. *Every cargo duly inspected.*

JOHN S. REESE & CO,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore.*

"Flour of Bone."

WE will give a *money* guarantee of the *purity of this article. It is pure unsteamed, unburnt bone*, reduced to the *finness* of *flour*, which adds 100 per ct. to its value. It is as *quick* and *active* as acid *dissolved bone*, hence its value is *vastly greater*, because it contains neither acid nor water, which necessarily add weight, and reduce the quantity of valuable elements. We recommend 250 lbs. to be used *in place of 300 lbs.* Super Phosphate of dissolved bone.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE SOUTH,
71 *South Street, Baltimore*
☞McCurdy & Diehl, Agents, Gettysburg.
Mar. 13, 1866. 3m

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—*George Swope.*
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—*Robert McCurdy* Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; *John Horner, Mountjoy* township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in *operation for more than 15 years*, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,988—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Oct. 16, 1865. tf

628. Hoop Skirts. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE," Manufactured and Sold, Wholesale and Retail, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia.—The most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's HOOP SKIRTS, in this City; gotten up expressly to meet the WANTS of FIRST-CLASS TRADE; embracing the newest and most desirable Styles and Sizes of "Gore Trails," of every length—from 2¾ to 4 yds. round—20 to 56 Springs, at $2 to $5 00. Plain Skirts, all lengths, from 2½ to 3 yards round the bottom, at $1 40 to $3 16.

Our line of Misses' and Children's SKIRTS, are proverbially beyond all competition, for variety of styles and sizes—as well as for finish and durability; varying from 8 to 33 inches in length, 6 to 45 Springs at 35 cents to $2 25. All Skirts of "OUR OWN MAKE," are Warranted to give satisfaction; but buy none as such, unless they have, "Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arch Street," Stamped on each Tab!

Also, constantly on hand, GOOD SKIRTS, Manufactured in New York, and the Eastern States, which we sell at very low Prices. A lot of cheap Skirts—15 springs, 85 cents; 20 springs, $1 00—25 springs, $1 15—30 springs, $1 25 and 40 springs $1 50.

☞Skirts made to Order and Repaired.
☞TERMS CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY!
March 5, 1866. 4m

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse *may be effectually removed* without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, *bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials*, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This *Lecture will prove a boon to thousands.* Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.
April 23, 1866. 1y

1866. Philadelphia 1866.

WALL PAPERS.
HOWELL & BOURKE,
Manufacturers of PAPER HANGINGS and WINDOW SHADES,
Corner FOURTH & MARKET Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
N. B. Always in store, a large stock of LINEN & OIL SHADES.
March 5, 1866. 3m

Grant & Sherman

THEIR two heroes before their tent planning a battle—Grant smoking. A beautiful steel engraving by Wm. Sartain. Agents wanted everywhere. Sample sent by mail for 50 cents. Agents make 50 per cent. Address BARTLESON & CO., 611 CHESTNUT St.,
May 7. 1m Philadelphia.

Selected Poetry.

WHAT CONSTITUTES A STATE?

BY SIR WILLIAM JONES.

What constitutes a State?
Not high-raised battlement or labor'd mound,
Thick wall or moated gate;
Not cities proud with spires and turrets crowned,
Not bays and broad-armed ports,
Where, laughing at the storm, rich navies ride;
Not starr'd and spangled courts,
Where low-bred baseness wafts perfume to pride.

No!—Men, high-minded men,
With powers as far above dull brutes endued
In forest, brake or fen,
As beasts excel cold rocks and brambles rude;
Men, who their duty know,
But know their rights, and knowing dare maintain;
Prevent the long aimed blow,
And crush the tyrant while they rend the chain:

These constitute a State.
And sovereign law, that State's collected will,
O'er thrones and globes elate
Sits empress, crowning good, repressing ill;
Smit by her sacred frown
The fiend, Dissension, like a vapor sinks,
And e'en the all-dazzling crown
Hides his faint rays, and at her bidding shrinks.

Such was this heaven-loved isle,
Than Lesbos fairer than the Cretan shore!
No more shall freedom smile?
Shall Freemen languish and be men no more?
Since all must life resign,
Those sweet rewards, which decorate the brave,
'Tis folly to decline,
And steal inglorious to the silent grave.

Agricultural & Domestic.

SOW BUCKWHEAT.

For pulverizing clay soil, there is hardly anything equal to a crop of buckwhent. Several trials convince us of this. Nor is the crop hard on land, the opinion of many people to the contrary notwithstanding. It takes little from the soil but moisture, as is proven by the very small proportion of manure which buckwheat straw makes.

These considerations should induce the sowing of buckwheat on poor clay, as pulverizing such soil is positively necessary before much can be done with it.—If succeeded with rye and grass, the land will be in condition for rapid improvement with lime or other means of fertilization.

Besides, as the wheat crop is below an average, a good breadth of buckwheat sown would go far towards relieving the want of wheat flour, and getting us through the next year as easily as the past. Now is the time to sow it.

PLOWING.

How much land can a man plow in a day? I have heard men tell of plowing two acres and a half, but never saw it done. In England where they plow narrow furrows, say 9 inches wide and 6 inches deep, an acre is considered a fair day's work, taking one day with another. Here we plow, unwisely as I think, much wider, but do we not lose nearly as much time in resting the horses as would make up for the difference? Narrow furrows, say 10 inches wide and 7 inches deep, turned over at an angle of 45°, is both theoretically and practically the best style of plowing; and if we plow wider, we should go deeper, and unless we use three horses, no ordinary team can keep steadily at such hard work without injury. With a team that walks naturally at a good pace, it is better to plow narrower furrows and let them walk at a fair speed, than to tax them too heavily with a wide furrow, which necessitates their resting every other bout. The time lost in this way is far greater than is generally supposed. But I am regarded already too much in the light of an innovator to attempt anything more than a very gradual change. I find it better to let men do pretty much as they have been accustomed to. Still I would really like to know what is about the average rate of plowing in different parts of the country, and what hours are kept. By looking at my record, I find that we plowed a thirty acre field of corn stubble for barley, with three teams, in 7½ days, say 30 acres in 22½ days, or just 1½ acre per day for each team, Hours 6.45 to 11.45, and from 1.30 to 6.30, say 10 hours a day. With a furrow slice 10 inches wide, it takes about 16½ miles of travel to plow an acre and a half. In a field 200 yards long the experiments of the Earl of Mar, as given by Sinclair, show that over two hours are lost in turning. Even then, if no time is allowed to breathe the horses, they would have to walk steadily along at the rate of over two miles an hour to plow an acre and a half. I doubt very much whether farmers really plow as much in a day as they think they do. They do not keep an exact account of the time, or measure the land accurately.—*Amer. Agr.*

THE PHILOSOPHY OF LONG LIFE.

But few men die of age. Almost all die of disappointment, passional, mental, or of bodily toil, or of accident. The passions kill men sometimes, even suddenly. The common expression, "choked with passion," has little exaggeration in it; for even though not suddenly fatal, strong passions shorten life. Strong-bodied men often die young—weak men live longer than the strong, for the strong use their strength, and the weak have none to use. The latter take care of themselves; the former do not. As it is with the body, so it is with the mind and temper. The strong are apt to break, or, like a candle, to "run;" the weak burn out. The inferior in animals, which live, in general, regular and temperate lives, have generally their prescribed term of years. The horse lives twenty-five years; the ox fifteen or twenty; the dog ten or twelve; the rabbit eight. The duration of life in all these bears a similar proportion to the time the animal takes to grow to its full size. But man, of all the animals, is the one that seldom comes to his average.—He ought to live a hundred years, according to his physiological law, for five times twenty are one hundred; but instead of that he scarcely reaches, on the average, four times his growing period; the cat six times, and the rabbit even eight times the standard of measurement.

The reason for all this is obvious. Man is not only the most irregular but the most laborious and hard-working of all animals. He is also the most irritable of animals; and there is no reason to believe (though we can not tell what an animal secretly feels) that, more than any other animal, man cherishes wrath to keep it warm, and consumes himself with the fire of his own secret reflections. Besides this, man is the only animal that makes a wide departure from those laws of nature which control life. He takes on unnatural and health-destroying habits, carrying them to the verge of the grave, and clinging to them with a tenacity which yields not even to his better judgment. The lower order of animals *never do this.* Instinct is their guide, and the superior duration of life they enjoy is the proof of the folly of man.

Choice Miscellany.

GOV. SWANN'S SPEECH.

We make the following extracts from the speech delivered by Hon. Thomas Swann, the present (Conservative Republican) Governor of Maryland, at an immense meeting in Monument Square, Baltimore, on the 21st ult. His crushing denunciations of Negro Suffrage Radicalism fit as well here in Pennsylvania as in Maryland, and must have great weight with *genuine* friends of the Union everywhere. That Maryland will range herself on the side of President Johnson there is no longer room for serious doubt.

Gov. Swann said:

Fellow-Citizens—I have been invited to preside over this meeting, and I am here to-night in accordance with that invitation. I congratulate you upon this great outpouring of the Conservative masses of the city of Baltimore. The appearance of this meeting—one of the largest ever assembled in this square—is the more gratifying to me because it has been called specially to endorse the reconstruction policy of President Johnson, and the humble part which I have taken in giving it my unqualified approval. You were told that in taking this step I would be left without a "corporal's guard" in this State. Now I would like to know what Radical *Major General* would muster a larger force than the "corporal" has drawn around him in this vast assemblage of his fellow-citizens. If this is the definition of a "corporal's guard," I should like to know, my friends, what you understand by an "army." I propose to speak to-night, not only for those here present, but to the people of the whole State, and I shall speak in such terms that those who agree, as well as those who differ with me in public sentiment, may have no ground for misunderstanding or mis-representation hereafter. * * * * * * *

For my support of Mr. Johnson's reconstruction policy—endorsed by the Legislature in January last—I am denounced as a traitor to the party that elected me, and my friends who do not come up to the full Radical standard are summarily read out of the party, as either Copperheads or Disunionists. The gallant Colonel of the 7th Maryland Regiment, who vacated his seat in Congress to give his services to his country, is a disunionist; the brave Gen. Phelps, who, at the head of his advancing column, fell wounded and bleeding upon the field of Spottsylvania, under the flag which he was defending with his life's blood, is a disunionist; the intrepid Bowerman, who has done more for his country than this whole Radical combination together, is a disunionist; that war-worn veteran, General Horn, one of Maryland's bravest sons, is a disunionist; the ex-Governor of your State, who stood at the helm during the most excited and trying period of the rebellion, and who never faltered in the discharge of any duty imposed by his responsible position, to whom we are indebted for our free Constitution, more perhaps than any other man, is a disunionist; I, who stood by that old patriot, Governor Hicks, on the 19th of April, aiding him by my counsels unt l he was overwhelmed by the power of Secessionists and traitors, while some of the most prominent of these Radicals were resisting the passage of the Massachusetts troops through the city of Baltimore, running away from the city, or skulking in secret hiding places, I am a disunionist. [Applause.] The army and the navy, who support President Johnson almost to a man, are disunionists in the eyes of these brave and gallant Radicals. [Laughter.] General Grant and General Sherman are both disunionists, and the only truly loyal and reliable men to be trusted in this State are the leaders of this new Radical party. * * * *

We mean to see the end of this contest raised by this aggressive party here in Maryland. And if it is necessary for the Governor of your State to go into every ward of this city, it shall be done. [Great applause.] It is supported by Mr. Seward, the ablest statesman in Mr. Johnson's Cabinet, and his no less distinguished colleagues in that body. It is supported by Grant and Sherman—[applause]—through whose bravery the rebellion was brought to a close. It is supported by the almost united voice of the army and navy. And yet, with all this evidence staring them in the face, I am denounced and hunted like a traitor, by these extreme Radicals, because I have dared to support Mr. Johnson's reconstruction policy, against the revolutionary combinations which have been formed to weaken the powers of the Administration and postpone indefinitely the work of reconstruction. [Applause.]

Upon the subject of our unhappy differences I do not know that I can say any thing which would not suggest itself to prudent and thinking men throughout the State. I regret to witness the spectacle of a great party, such as that which has conducted us through the rebellion, tamely submitting in so many and cardinal measures of public policy to the dictation of intemperate and ill-judging men. The national men of the party should rather oppose and hold in check the ultraisms which are now threatening our destruction. Deeply should I regret that anything should occur to separate me from fellowship with the national men of the Union party, with whom I have cordially co-operated for the past four years in saving this Union. I can see nothing which should provoke any one, either in Congress or out, to make war upon President Johnson. His platform is the same that it has always been. He was elected to the office of Vice President of the United States on the same ticket with Abraham Lincoln by a convention of the Union party. He had opposed the rebellion as no other man had opposed it. He had suffered in his person and his property, and made sacrifices in the maintenance of his principles which gained him the admiration of loyal men of all parties and every shade of opinion. His uncompromising devotion to his country gave him the nomination of that convention, and resulted in his elevation to the high office which he now fills. In his reconstruction policy he did no more than follow in the footsteps of Mr. Lincoln. The leading ground of complaint so far as I have been able to understand it, was his inability, under the obligations of his official oath, to sanction certain ultra radical measures whose effect would have been to have ignored the existence of the States—placed the negro on a *forced* basis with the white man—["Never! never!"]—and inaugurated *the universal right of suffrage*, which would have precipitated the whole Southern and Border States—our own among the number—into the hands of the African race. [Applause.] Will Maryland find fault with him for this? ["Never!"]

The persistent effort which is now being made to misrepresent me, is simply disgraceful and unworthy of any party having pretensions to truth and honesty. [Applause.]

If there are blows to be given, I tell these gentlemen, before this canvass is over, they will find there are blows to be received also. [Applause.]

I have stated that the issue of negro suffrage in the coming fall campaign was well made and a most vital issue, as I believe, in the State of Maryland at the present time.

I have seen no reason to change my opinion upon this point. I entertain the belief that *forced* negro suffrage and negro equality will destroy the state of Maryland if it does not bring ruin upon the negro race. I have always dreaded a *war of races*; and I believe that if this ultra radical faction is not promptly checked by the popular voice, it cannot fail to precipitate such a result. Consider for a moment the propositions submitted to the House by Mr. Stevens, and by Mr. Sumner to the Senate. When this issue of negro suffrage was made here, these radical men raised their hands in horror. They told you that no one advocated negro suffrage or negro equality. What, let me ask, have the extreme men of this Congress been doing for the past six months? Did they not, by an overwhelming majority in the popular branch, attempt to fasten universal, unqualified, negro suffrage upon the District of Columbia, in the face of the unanimous protest of the people? Why is that bill now permitted to sleep? Is it not because the firmness and known sentiments of Andrew Johnson arrested it before its final consummation? The attempt to enlarge the Freedmen's Bureau bill was a step in the same direction. It was one of the series of measures in which certain extreme men in Congress had been engaged to degrade the industrial and working classes of the Border States by forcing them in direct competition, and upon terms of equality, with the negro race.

Another of these measures in the interest of negro suffrage and forced negro equality was the Civil Rights bill, vetoed by President Johnson, and passed by the Constitutional majority in both Houses of Congress. It is not my purpose at this time to refer to the extraordinary provisions of that bill. I am not opposed to the amplest protection to the negro. The people understand what that bill means—and every day will make it more and more apparent. Speaking of the subject of citizenship, Judge Curtis, in one of the ablest opinions ever delivered in the Supreme Court, declares "that the Constitution has left the States to determine what persons born within their respective limits acquire by birth citizenship of the United States." He further declares that Congress has no such power, it belonging exclusively to the States. This effort by Congress to confer by law the right of Federal citizenship upon the negro, is fraught, in my opinion, if recognized, with the most momentous consequences. It may settle forever the question of negro suffrage and negro equality, State laws and State Constitutions to the contrary, notwithstanding. Its effect may be of doing by indirection what it would be hopeless to attempt just now by open, avowed and express legislation. If the negro is declared by the proposed amendment to the Constitution to be a citizen of the United States, with all the "privileges and immunities" of such citizens, and Congress has the power to enforce this provision by "appropriate legislation," what is to prevent these extreme men, the moment they get the power, from declaring these "privileges and immunities" to extend to the privilege of voting—the right to serve on juries and the right to hold office? What will the word "*white*," embodied in our State Constitution, avail to protect us against negro suffrage, and the right of the negro to do whatever the white man may do? [Applause.]

But the report of the Committee of Fifteen is even more pointed and significant. It presents to the State of Maryland a choice between negro suffrage on one hand, and the loss of a valuable portion of her representation on the other. These ultra radical men, not satisfied with the great moral revolution which has been accomplished by the Proclamation of Emancipation, persist in their effort to *force* the negro into political and social relations with the white man. It can never be done, in my opinion, without the most serious consequences. The effect of the enlarged Freedmen's Bureau bill would have been to have subjugated the whole Border States in the interest of an intolerant fanaticism. The State of Maryland, just emerged from the abuses and outrages of an irresponsible military despotism, was to be again thrown back in its march of pacification and reconstruction; the writ of *habeas corpus*, that great safeguard of the liberties of the people in time of peace, was to be again suspended without the remotest pretext of necessity; your elections were to be controlled and directed by military influence, and the people were to be brought to realize the threat that sooner or later we would be compelled to touch our hats to the negro.

And what did this bill design to do for the gallant men of our own race who have fought your battles and saved your country? It makes no similar provision for them. It lavishes millions upon the negro. Our soldiers have asked for bounties which they have fairly earned. Are they not as much entitled to aid as the freedmen? Have they made fewer sacrifices? Have they fought less bravely? The widow and the orphan—what did it propose for them? Twenty, nay, forty millions of money were to be lavished upon the negro. Do these extreme men suppose that the people of this country will rest quiet much longer under such gross and flagrant injustice and insult? And yet they appeal to the soldiers to sustain them by their votes. * * *

In regard to the Registry law, about which so much has been said, I am where I stood in my annual message to the Legislature in January last. As the Executive of the State, I shall do my duty in executing that as well as all other laws upon your statute book; but I shall take care, so far as my influence extends, that the Registration act is not made the instrument of degradation to our people [immense applause], in the the hands of vindictive and radical agents [applause], to force negro suffrage and negro equality upon us. [Applause.] And I shall see that it is fairly, impartially and justly administered, in the spirit in which it was enacted by the Legislature, and not of intolerance and oppression, of which, I regret to say, there has been too much in the past. [Applause.]

The interest of all parties and all classes in this country is involved in the speedy reconstruction of a cordial Union between all the States. The war is over and we have nothing to fear from such a policy; on the contrary, we have everything to lose by keeping alive a spirit of sectional alienation.

From the York Gazette of Tuesday last.

"COMMUNICATION FROM SOLDIERS."

Under this head there appears in the *True Democrat* of to-day what purports to be a card from Philip Lehr, Cornelius Lefever, Lewis J. Shenberger, Frederick C. Abel, Frank Steininger and Samuel Cross, all soldiers whose names were attached to the call for the Johnson and Clymer Soldiers' Club, denying that they signed, or authorized the signing of their names to the call for the organization of said Club, and that they will not support Clymer for Governor.

To show to what miserable tricks the Radical leaders will resort to misrepresent facts and deceive the people, we publish below the affidavits of all these soldiers except one, stating that the card purporting to be signed by them does not contain a true statement of the facts, and that they "fully authorized the use of their names to a call for a Soldiers' Johnson and Clymer Club."

We also publish the affidavit of three respectable citizens and members of the Club, who swear that Samuel Cross authorized the use of his name to said call in their presence. By these affidavits we have one of the basest lies yet published concerning the organization of the Soldiers' Johnson and Clymer Club, nailed to the counter, and its authors placed in anything but an enviable position.

Other falsehoods of an equally glaring character appear in the article, which will be fully exposed next week. Meanwhile the Democratic Conservative Club is increasing in numbers and "the work goes bravely on."

YORK COUNTY SS:

Personally appeared before me, Lebrecht Treager, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County, Philip Lehr, 187th P. V., Cornelius Lefever, Co. D, 207th P. V., Lewis Shenberger, Co. H, 195th P. V., Frederick C. Abel, Co. E, 10th Iowa Vol., and Frank Steininger, Co. E., 87th P. V., who being separately and alone duly sworn according to law, do depose and say that they fully authorized the use of their names to a call for a Soldiers' Johnson and Clymer Club, and that the remonstrance published over our names in the "*True Democrat*" of this date is an incorrect representation of the facts in the case.

PHILIP LEHR,
FREDERICK C. ABEL,
CORNELIUS LEFEVER,
LEWIS J. SHENBERGER,
FRANK STEININGER.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 18th day of June, A. D. 1866.
L. TREAGER, J. P.

YORK COUNTY SS:

On this 18th day of June, A. D. 1866, personally appeared before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace in and for said County, Lieut. Henry Reisinger, Daniel Spangler and Joseph Zutelgt, whom I certify to be respectable persons and creditable witnesses, who, being by me first qualified according to law, do depose and say that they were present when Samuel Cross authorized his name to be subscribed to the call for the meeting and organization of the "Soldiers' Johnson and Clymer Club" of York, and that he authorized the aforesaid Lieut. Henry Reisinger and Daniel Spangler to attach his name to the same.

HENRY REISINGER,
DANIEL SPANGLER,
JOSEPH ZUTELGT.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 18th day of June, A. D. 1866.
L. TREAGER, J. P.

THE TEN PER CENT. TAX.

There are so many incorrect statements made about the tax that will be imposed on the issues of banks organized under State laws, *paid out by banks on and after* the 1st of July, 1866, that it is important for every business man to understand the law. The Act of Congress, of March 3d, 1865, reads thus:

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every National Banking Association, State Bank, or State Banking Association shall pay a tax of ten per cent. on the amount of notes of any State Bank or State Banking Association paid

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:
Monday Morning, July 9, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. HIESTER CLYMER,

OF BERKS COUNTY.

Democratic County Convention.

At a meeting of the Democratic County Committee, at Wolf's Hotel, in Gettysburg, on Saturday last, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democratic voters of Adams county be, and they are hereby, requested to meet at their usual places of holding Delegate Elections, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JULY instant, for the purpose of choosing Delegates to represent them in a County Convention to be held in Gettysburg, on MONDAY following, (July 30th,) at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket, appoint Congressional Conferees, and transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. The Delegate Elections to open at 5 and close at 7 o'clock, P. M., in all the Districts except in Gettysburg—in the latter place to open at 7 and close at 9 o'clock, P. M.

☞ The Delegate Election in Union township to be held this year at Sell's Station.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF, Ch'n.
H. J. MYERS, Sec'y.
July 2, 1866.

NATIONAL JOHNSON CONVENTION.

A call has been issued at Washington for the assembling of a National Johnson Convention, to be composed of at least two delegates from each Congressional district of all the States, two from each Territory, two from the District of Columbia, and four delegates at large. It is proposed that the Convention shall assemble at Philadelphia on the 14th of August next. The object of the Convention is to sustain the Administration, to affirm the indissolubility of the Union, the supremacy of the Constitution and the laws passed in pursuance thereof, and the equality of all the States, including the right of representation.

The call is signed by Messrs. A. W. Randall, J. R. Doolittle, O. H. Browning, Edgar Cowan, Charles Knap and Samuel Fowler, Executive Committee of the National Union Club, and is endorsed by Hons. James Dixon, T. A. Hendricks, Daniel S. Norton and J. W. Nesmith.—A Washington dispatch of Tuesday says;

The call for a National Convention to meet at Philadelphia on the 14th of August, has attracted considerable attention here. The friends of the Administration are sanguine of having a full representation from all the States.

It is understood that the movement receives the sanction of the President and a majority of his Cabinet. It was gotten up very quietly, and took the Radicals by surprise.

DUNCAN vs. McCONAUGHY.

The Chambersburg *Spirit* says:—The law of Congress disfranchising alleged deserters and non-reporting drafted men having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, we presume, as a matter of course, Mr. McConaughy, the pretended Senator from this district, will resign his seat at once, so that his successor may be elected at the approaching fall election. We take it for granted that Mr. McConaughy, being a lawyer and a "loyal," law abiding citizen, will not persist in holding a seat in defiance of the law, as expounded by the highest Judicial Tribunal in the State. The Supreme Court has decided that the seat rightfully belongs to Mr. Duncan. Mr. McConaughy held it during the last session of the Legislature in ignorance, we must charitably suppose, of the law. This may excuse him for the past, but the law having now been defined by the only competent authority in the State, this excuse will no longer avail him. If he continues to claim it he will be acting the part of a usurper and transgressor of the law. Mr. Duncan does not claim the seat by virtue of last fall's election, though he might properly do so. He and his friends simply demand that the question be referred back to the people for decision in October next. Will Mr. McConaughy have the manly honor to resign and permit the question to be so referred? We ask the Gettysburg *Star*, his home organ, for an explanation as to the course he intends to pursue. In the name of a *majority* of the legal voters of this Senatorial district, we make the inquiry.

☞ The recent decision of the Supreme Court of this State, against the acts which were designed to authorize provost marshals and boards of election to disfranchise men for desertion from military service, and those who failed to report when drafted, completely upsets the foundation upon which David McConaughy, of the Franklin district, holds a seat in the State Senate. We hope Mr. Duncan will now make another effort to secure justice and his seat from the Disunion majority. Let it be done, and at least put the Disunion party again in conflict with the Constitution, the laws and the highest court of the Commonwealth.—*Patriot & Union.*

The Constitutional Amendment.—It is said that the Legislatures of all the "loyal" States are, at the suggestion of the Governor of Pennsylvania, to be immediately convened, so that they may ratify the proposed amendment to the Constitution before the adjournment of Congress.

Why this unnecessary haste? The calling of the Legislature of this State in extra session, would be attended by an expense of not less than $200,000. But, it seems that the thing is to be rushed through, while the Radicals have the power, regardless of expense, or of the views of the people. If the matter was suffered to lie over until after another election, the Legislatures of several of the States that are now under Radical control, might be against them, and so defeat the proposed amendment. Therefore, the verdict of the people is not to be trusted.

☞ Don't forget the Democratic Mass Convention, at Reading, on Wednesday, the 18th of July.

☞ Ex-Gov. Wise signs himself "Henry A. Wise, Brigadier-General, C. S. A., prisoner of war on parole."

☞ An exchange says that Thaddeus Stevens is suffering from "dropsy on the chest and Topsy on the brain."

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

On Friday week the President sent to the House of Representatives a communication in response to a resolution of that body, requesting the Executive to transmit the constitutional amendment, recently adopted, to the several States for ratification. He announces that the amendment was transmitted to the *thirty-six States* on the 16th, but wishes it to be distinctly understood that he does not commit himself to its approval. He thinks it improper that such a *radical* change should be made in the organic law, while eleven States are unrepresented in Congress and when the Legislatures of the other States were not elected with any reference to the question at issue.

The document is considered as a pretty strong protest against the action of Congress, and as a matter of course excited the indignation of the Radicals.

The following is the President's message:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I submit to Congress a report of the Secretary of State, to whom was referred the concurrent resolution of the 13th inst., respecting a submission to the Legislatures of the States of an additional article to the Constitution of the United States. It will be seen from this report that the Secretary of State had on the 16th inst., transmitted to the Governors of the several States certified copies of the joint resolution passed on the 13th inst., proposing an amendment to the Constitution. Even in ordinary times any question of amending the Constitution must be justly regarded as of paramount importance.

This importance is at the present time enhanced by the fact that the joint resolution was not submitted by the two Houses for the approval of the President, and that of the thirty-six States which constitute the Union, eleven are excluded from representation in either House of Congress, although with the single exception of Texas, they have been entirely restored to all their functions as States, in conformity with the organic law of the land, and have appeared at the National Capitol by Senators and Representatives who have applied for and have been refused admission to the vacant seats.—Nor have the sovereign people of the nation been afforded an opportunity of expressing their views upon the important question which the amendment involves. Grave doubts may therefore naturally and justly arise as to whether the action of Congress is in harmony with the sentiments of the people, and whether State Legislatures elected without reference to such an issue should be called upon by Congress to decide respecting the ratification of the proposed amendment. Waiving the question as to the constitutional validity of the proceedings of Congress upon the joint resolution proposing the amendment, or as to the merits of the article which it submits through the Executive Department to the Legislatures of the States, I deem it proper to state that the steps taken by the Secretary of State, as detailed in the accompanying report, are to be considered as purely ministerial and in no sense whatever committing the Executive to an approval or a recommendation of the amendment to the State Legislatures or the people.

On the contrary, a proper appreciation of the letter and spirit of the Constitution, as well as of the interests of national order, harmony and union, and a due deference for an enlightened public judgment, may at this time well suggest a doubt whether any amendment to the Constitution ought to be proposed by Congress and pressed upon the Legislatures of the several States for final decision until after the admission of such loyal Senators and Representatives of the now unrepresented States as have been or as may hereafter be chosen in conformity with the Constitution and Laws of the United States. ANDREW JOHNSON.

HOW THE MONEY GOES.

In the U. S. Senate, a few days ago, Mr. Sherman arose in his place and stated that he had information from good authority that the appropriation of twelve millions of dollars, recently voted to the Freedmen's Bureau, would not be sufficient to pay the expenses of that interesting institution for the current year. He moved, therefore, that an additional appropriation of six millions five hundred thousand dollars be added to the former appropriation. This motion was agreed to at once and without debate! This makes eighteen millions five hundred thousand dollars appropriated to the support of the "pet lambs" for one year. This, too, is separate and above the thousands of valuable lands voted to the negroes some time ago.

The extravagance of the present Rump Congress exceeds anything ever known in the history of any country. Delegations of negroes can be seen at all hours of the day hovering about the two Houses, and their business is to solicit enormous appropriations for themselves and to demand "equality and the ballot." That their influence with the radicals is unbounded, is attested by the wonderful success they have met with. Their impudent and extravagant demands are acceded to with a promptness that surprises even the negroes themselves.

When we consider that the people of this country are groaning under a taxation at once oppressive and almost beyond endurance—a taxation that impoverishes every man except the "loyal thieves" who made their millions by permission of Lincoln—when we consider these facts, we say, is it not time for the people to stop short and ask themselves the question—"how long can we bear up under the extravagance that now exists?" No people, we care not what their resources may be, can tolerate this state of affairs many years. The present Rump Congress votes away daily hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money, with an impunity that is positively frightful. It is time for the people to open their eyes to the doings of the majority in Congress, for we tell them that if this extravagance is persisted in a few years longer our Government will break to pieces and go out of existence. Let the people be warned before it is too late.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

☞ Greeley's anxiety to get his Radical friend Chief Justice Chase out of the scrape of trying Jeff. Davis, is manifesting itself very strongly. In Tuesday's *Tribune* he says:

We welcome the news from Fortress Monroe of the assignment of spacious and comfortable apartments for the housekeeping of Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Davis. By-and-by, the farce will have become *too* glaring, and then he will be let go. What is the use of persisting in a cheat whereby nobody is cheated? Mr. Davis is not to be tried—at all events, not with intent or expectation of convicting him—then why is he longer subsisted at the public cost? Let us have an end of the sham!

Highly Important.—It is reported from Washington that an address to the people of the United States has been agreed upon by the Democratic and Conservative members of Congress and is now being signed. It fully endorses the call for a National Convention, to assemble at Philadelphia on the 14th of August next, and urges participation in its proceedings.

Soldiers' Mass Convention.—A Soldiers' State Mass Convention, favoring President Johnson's policy and the election of Hiester Clymer, has been called for the 1st of August, at Harrisburg. It is expected to be a large gathering—one calculated to cause the shoddies to shake in their shoes.

☞ War has commenced in Europe.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS.—Harvest being here, we again announce the premiums offered by the Adams County Agricultural Society, viz: $25 for the best five acres of wheat; $15 for the best five acres of rye; $15 for the best five acres of oats; $25 for the best five acres of corn; and $10 for the best five acres of potatoes. Messrs. Abraham Krise, Wm. Wible and Elisha Penrose have charge of the whole subject, and they have decided to require accurate measurement of ground by survey, and of yield by weight—to be substantiated by several disinterested neighbors, or the affidavit of the party offering for a premium. Samples of a half bushel or bushel to be exhibited at the Fair.

As there is a considerable breadth of good grain in the county, it is hoped that the competition will be general. The premiums are as liberal as the Society can afford to make them, and with county pride to help, there should be no hesitation, or holding back, on the part of those whose crops promise well. Let the measurements of grounds in wheat, rye and oats be *at once made*. There is time enough for threshing and weighing.

CONGRESSIONAL VISIT.—On Friday last, Senator Lane, of Indiana, of the Senate Military Committee, and Messrs. Schenck, of Ohio, Ancona, of Pa., Sitgraves, of N. J., and Ketchum, of N. Y., of the House Military Committee, with Representatives Hubbard, of N. Y., Laflin, of N. Y., and Payne, of Wisconsin, accompanied by a number of ladies, as well as five or six military gentlemen, paid a visit to the Gettysburg Battle-field and National Cemetery. After viewing several of the most prominent points, they reached Culp's Hill about noon.—Here they were met by a number of ladies and gentlemen of town, and a speech of welcome was made by R. G. McCreary, Esq., Chief Burgess, which was responded to by Senator Lane and Gen. Schenck. The way was then led by the Burgess for a stroll towards Rock creek, and after a few minutes' walk the visiting party were most agreeably surprised to find themselves approaching a long table loaded down with bread and butter, cold ham, pickles and hot coffee, with a bountiful supply of ice cream and cake at hand.—Upon invitation, all hands fell vigorously to work, and a delightful repast was had. After this, and a cigar, the visiting gentlemen were called on for speeches, and Gen. Payne, Gen. Hayes, Gen. Boynton, Gen. Gamble, Col. McFarlane, and Messrs. Ancona, Sitgraves, Hubbard, Laflin, McPherson, Lane and Schenck responded, the affair concluding with the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner," by a choir made up on the spot. The visitors expressed themselves delighted with the "surprise," and freely acknowledged themselves "captured."

COMMENCEMENT.—The Annual Commencement at Mount St. Mary's College, near Emmitsburg, on Wednesday last, was one of the best attended in the history of the Institution, and a decided success in the excellence of the performances. That the music was fine, will be conceded when we mention that it was under the charge of Prof. Dielman, whilst the speeches and poems delivered by the graduating class were of a high order of merit, and won warm applause from the immense audience which packed the hall. All, without exception, were creditable to their authors and the institution. "The Sleep of Mary" was especially beautiful—one of the most enchanting poems we ever read or listened to.

The following was the programme, interspersed, of course, with good music: Speech on the Scholar's Pleasures, by James A. McCreery, Belleville, N. J.; Richard and Blondel, a Poem, by Thomas Coulehan, Cumberland, Md.; Speech on the Right Use of Books, by James R. O'Neale, Georgetown, D. C.; Christian Legends, by Henry D. Minor, Louisiana; The Sleep of Mary, a Poem, by W. Brady, Jr., Utica, N. Y.; Conferring of Degrees; Valedictory, by James R. O'Neale; Distribution of Premiums.

Arch Bishop Spaulding was present, and delivered some very appropriate and instructive remarks—as did the President, Rev. Dr. McCaffrey.

ST. JOSEPH'S.—The Annual Commencement at St. Soseph's Academy, on Thursday, is very highly spoken of, and afforded inexpressible pleasure to the large audience in attendance. The young ladies exhibited great proficiency, executing every piece of music with the taste and precision of older performers. We have heard nothing but admiration expressed in regard to these exercises.

FAIR.—The Fair at Emmitsburg, last week, was excellently gotten up, and well attended. The receipts must have been quite large, but the figures have not reached us. The variety of useful and fancy articles exhibited was very attractive, reflecting handsomely on the taste and skill of the ladies of that place and vicinity.

The dinners and suppers were A No. 1, embracing everything the season affords, whilst the attentions of those waiting upon the table could not fail to be appreciated. The cheer was good enough to tempt and satisfy those of the highest notions—Governors, or Presidents,—*even Printers!*

OIL.—We understand that Major Dyke has suspended boring for oil on the Harman farm, near Hampton, and will commence to-day on the Wertz farm, near New Chester. This step has been rendered necessary by a fissure in the rock, at a depth of about one hundred feet, which carried the auger in a slanting direction.

MOWING MATCH.—A mowing match came off at Hanover on Thursday week. Six different machines entered the contest, and the *Spectator* says all performed admirably. No judges were appointed, but the same paper says that a majority of the persons present expressed themselves in favor of the "Hubbard," of which Henry Thomas & Son are agents for this county.

☞ THE COMPILER will be furnished for the campaign—from this time until after the October election—at the low price of *Fifty Cents!* Send in the names and the money—singly or by clubs. There is an interesting campaign ahead, and no Democrat or Conservative should fail to be posted when the information can be secured for the small sum of half a dollar.

CEMETERY ELECTION.—A meeting of Lotholders in Ever Green Cemetery, to elect a President and Managers, for the ensuing year, took place at the Court-house, on Monday evening last. After organizing, Dr. Fahnestock, as Treasurer, made a written report of the financial operations of the Board during the past year—one more satisfactory and encouraging than which, we are sure, was never before made; indeed, whilst McConaughy was President and kept the finances in his own hands, the public were rarely or never treated to any report whatever. We append Dr. Fahnestock's statement, in order that all concerned in our beautiful "God's Acre," may see that notwithstanding the small income, the credit of the Association has been *restored* and maintained, by the *prompt* payment of interest, as well as current expenses, and a reduction (something entirely novel) of the funded debt. It shows, further, that the improvement of the Cemetery has not been neglected, but pushed with more vigor than for a number of years past—trees planted, a stable erected, the fencing made better, &c.

Rev. Dr. Schmucker then made a statement in regard to a matter which he understood had been misrepresented. Some months since, Mr. Hiram Warren, engaged in removing dead from the battle-field, stated to several members of the Board that he had received a letter from the friends of a Southern soldier killed here, desiring that his remains, which reposed in some neglected place in the country, be deposited in the Cemetery for safe keeping; that it was probable the bones would ultimately be removed to the South, but if not, that their security might be thus insured. Mr. Warren further stated that there might be a few more applications of the same kind, and if so, he desired similar provision made. The Board had a meeting on the subject, and unanimously passed a resolution allowing the deposit of such remains (they had no reason to suppose that there would be many) along the lower and more secluded line of the Cemetery, under carefully framed restrictions, and charging eight dollars in each case. In pursuance of this permission, Mr. Warren placed the body in the spot indicated, and subsequently another—this being the entire extent of such removals, and the only action had, or contemplated, by the Board, or any member of it. A statement to this effect Dr. Schmucker felt called upon to make in view of the misrepresentations in regard to it. He said in conclusion, that the Board believed themselves as acting properly for the interests of the Cemetery, but that if the Lotholders thought otherwise, they had a clear right to declare so, by resolution or otherwise.

Notwithstanding this full and candid announcement of the FACTS, it was evident, from the feeling manifested by not a few otherwise reasonable citizens, that their *prejudices* had been appealed to by a party two years ago indignantly kicked out of all control in the Cemetery, for not paying its debts when the necessary funds were on hand, and thus injuring its credit. It was evident, too from the fact that there were persons present who never attended a similar meeting before, and would not have been there then but for some sweeping deceit practiced upon them. It was found, likewise, that not only had this party seduced one of the presses of the town into circulating and giving what weight it had to validating these misrepresentations, but that Lotholders in the country, and even in other counties, had been *secretly* seen and written to, and their ears crammed with the most unscrupulous falsehoods in regard to the simple action of the Board detailed above. There was no mistaking the indication that every means of deception had been put in play. One report stated that the Board *intended* to take in six hundred rebels!—another that they had *contracted* for that number! still another that the thousands on the field here were to go in, and be placed, in small lots, all over the ground! These emissaries, (four or five, and some of them claiming to be truth-loving citizens,) *literally stopped at nothing*, so bitter had become the wrath they were compelled to nurse in secret for two years, the course of the Board during that period not affording them the slightest pretext to hang an audible grumble on.

By such means, secretly used with approachable people for several weeks, and abetted by a paper of the town in several articles, votes were secured, by proxy and otherwise, which never could have been had by a fair statement of the facts in the case. This has been abundantly proven in the cooler moments which have occurred since the election. The truth is now beginning to come to light, because people who were deceived as to the *real design* of the move against the old Board, are beginning to talk out, and lay bare the despicable falsehoods by which their deception was accomplished.

As to the *motive* of the few who resorted to this play upon the prejudices of their fellow citizens, not a word need be said to the publichere. It was certainly not what they *pretended* it to be—regard for the Cemetery. They *knew* that they could not raise a solitary complaint as to its general management that would be listened to by anybody in the community, and they saw that only by taking *unfair* advantage of the action of the Board in the instance mentioned, could they succeed in a single step towards its defeat. And even then they were afraid to trust *their own names* in a contest with the old Board. Not one of the four or five persons engaged in this under-handed business had a place on the ticket. They knew that in a personal tilt, even intense prejudice against the rebels would not save them. Hence they put up, as clubs to be used by them over the heads of the old Board, such unassuming citizens as J. L. Schick, for President, and John Rupp, Samuel Herbst, Alexander Cobean, Andrew Polley, George Spangler, George Little and Josiah Benner, for Managers, none of whom were ever actively connected with the management of the Cemetery, and we presume desired not to be. Certainly, few, if any of them, were consulted beforehand, and whilst several were not at the meeting at all, we know that one of them voted for the old Board, entirely approving of its action.

This new ticket was put up for two reasons. The engineers of the movement felt that they could not be elected themselves, and it would therefore be folly for them to risk a second defeat—and if the ticket made by them from outside material should be defeated, the persons composing it would be left to bear the result with the best grace they could.

These things, now that the election is over, are apparent to almost every body, and whilst not one word is said against the successful gentlemen, they cannot fail to see that they were used as the instruments to accomplish what we *know* some of them did not want accomplished—the displacement of those who had for two years labored to put the Cemetery on the best possible footing with the means at hand, and had entirely restored the credit which McConaughy's connection with it had so nearly ruined.

The ticket of the old Board was composed of the following citizens:

President, Rev. S. S. Schmucker.

Managers, Col. C. H. Buehler, Lieut. Col. E. G. Fahnestock, R. G. McCreary, Esq., George Swope, Esq., H. D. Wattles, Wm. C. Stallsmith and H. J. Stahle.

About one hundred and forty votes were polled, resulting by some twenty odd in favor of the new Board, which was made up, we repeat, with the knowledge or consent of few, if any, of them. That the result would have been otherwise with a full vote, is not a matter of question; but the old Board felt averse to going into a disgraceful quarrel over our beautiful "City of the Dead," and thus spite and prejudice decided what only reason and the better impulses of the human heart should have been allowed to control.

The members of the old Board have nothing to regret. Having done, freely and without remuneration, everything in their power that was calculated to increase the attractiveness of the Cemetery, and thus plant it still more deeply in the affections of our people, they feel an honest pride in the thought that calm reflection will serve to vindicate them in every unprejudiced mind, and that the miserable falsehoods circulated to their prejudice will ere long recoil upon the four or five envenomed people who invented them.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The Treasurer of Ever Green Cemetery Association begs leave to submit the following report of its transactions during the current year:

DR.

To balance on hand at last annual report,	$97 59
Am't received from sale of Lots,	283 38
" " " Permits,	126 00
" " " Rev. J. R. Warner's Lecture,	71 25
Am't received from Fair,	109 60
	$689 82

CR.

By sundries paid Repairs,	$5 32
Amount paid for 150 Trees,	45 00
" " Peter Thorn,	225 00
" " material for Stable,	107 84
" " for Building do.,	25 00
" " Interest on Debt,	102 00
" " on Stock Debt,	36 60
" " Funded Debt,	136 25
Balance in hand of Treasurer,	6 81
	$689 82

He would further report that during the year Twenty-four Lots were sold and Fifty-five Permits issued; that Forty-five dollars were expended in purchasing Trees, $132 84 in erection of Stable, $75 back salary due Peter Thorn, as also the ordinary expenses incident to its management, besides enabling the Board to liquidate $36 60 Stock Debt and $136 25 Funded Debt, leaving as yet unpaid a funded debt of $1533 75.

He further reports that, notwithstanding the efforts made to impair, in various ways, the credit of the Association, the present Board, by a prompt payment of interest as it matured, and an appropriation of the money as soon as received, toward the reduction of the debt, has satisfied them of the security of their investment.

Respectfully submitted,
E. G. FAHNESTOCK, Treasurer.
June 25, 1866.

MONEY STOLEN.—We hear that the dwelling of Francis Lee, on "Wolf Hill," was entered by some thief, yesterday, whilst the family were in town at church, and a considerable amount in Government bonds and money stolen; exactly how much we have not learned.

PIC NIC.—On Wednesday the Select School of Miss Mary McClellan spent the day in Etzler's grove, near Hanover. A number of invited guests were present. The party took the early train, returning in the evening, after spending the day in the most delightful manner.

☞ The Stores and other business places in Gettysburg will be closed on the Fourth, Wednesday next.

DISCHARGE PAPERS:—Now, as new Pension and Bounty laws are being discussed, ex-soldiers are beginning to understand the value of their discharge papers. It may not be generally known, however, that by a provision of the law these discharges may be recorded like deeds and other important papers, at the County Recorder's office. After the paper is placed on record, a certified copy from the office is always taken as evidence, and the destruction or loss of the original papers is of no particular consequence.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

STOREKEEPERS, PLEASE READ.—*Best Fruit Jars* can be had 15 per cent. below lowest Philadelphia wholesale prices, from WM. BLAIR & SON, "South End," Carlisle, Pa.

Best Coal Oil always on hand, also a large quantity of Salt. Please call and learn prices.

Carlisle, Pa., July 2, 1866. 2w

A Clergyman Whips his Child to Death.—A Presbyterian clergyman, named Lindsley, at Medina, N. Y., on the 20th inst., whipped his son, three years old, so severely that he died two hours subsequently, because he would not say his prayers. Lindsley was two hours whipping the child with a heavy rod, in which its fingers were broken. The minister has been arrested.

☞ The New York *Times* closes an article on the political situation, saying that, as matters now stand, "there is but one alternative—either such a modification of existing parties as shall meet the new emergencies of the hour, or a sweeping triumph of the Democratic party in 1868."

PROGRESS OF COPPERHEADISM.

It is interesting to note the progress of what the radical papers term "rank Copperheadism" within the last year. Andrew Johnson, according to these papers, has become a Copperhead; Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, President of the last Republican National Convention, has become a Copperhead; Edward Bates, Attorney General in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, has become a Copperhead; Montgomery Blair, another member of Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, has become a Copperhead; and so through a long list of the most distinguished members of that party during the war, including both Statesmen and Soldiers. These men have become copperheads, (to continue the opprobrious term,) simply because they are unwilling to follow the Radical leaders into disunion. The mass of the people will also refuse to follow them in that direction.

Special Notice Column.

Transformation!

The superstitions of antiquity are only "food for laughter" at the present day, and yet this is an age of MIRACLES, accomplished with the aid of science. For example: grey, sandy or red hair is CHANGED IN A MOMENT, to the richest conceivable black or brown, by a simple application of

CHRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. [June 25, '66. 1m

Cholera, Diarrhœa and Dysentery!

A cure is warranted by DR. TOBIAS' celebrated VENITIAN LINIMENT, if used when first taken by persons of temperate habits. This medicine has been known in the United States over 20 years. Thousands have used it, and found it never failed to cure any complaint for which it was recommended, and all those who first tried it, are now never without it. In the Cholera of 1849, Dr. Tobias attended 40 cases and lost 4, being called in too late to do any good.

DIRECTIONS.—Take a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water every half hour for two hours, and rub the abdomen and extremities well with the Liniment. To allay the thirst, take a lump of ice in the mouth, about the size of a marble every ten minutes. It is warranted perfectly innocent to take internally. Sold by all druggists, price 25 and 50 cents. Depot, 56 Courtland St., New York.

May 21, '66. 1m

A Single Box of Brandreth's Pills

Contains more vegetable extractive matter than twenty boxes of any pills in the world besides fifty-five hundred physicians use them in their practice to the exclusion of other purgatives. The first letter of their value is yet scarcely appreciated. When they are better known, sudden death and continued sickness will be of the past. Let those who know them speak right out in their favor. It is a duty which will save life.

Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated bile at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent; but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use we prevent the collection of those impurities which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the body's health. They soon cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Head, Heartburn, Pain in the Breastbone, Sudden Faintness and Costiveness. Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines.

May 21, '66. 1m

Cures Fever and Ague.

No matter how severe an attack of Fever and Ague you may have, it must inevitably succumb to Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Regulating Pills. No Fever and Ague could ever resist the power of these two remedies combined. One 50 cent bottle of Ready Relief will often of itself drive away this common but distressing disease. It is far more effective than dollars' worth of quinine orgallons of whiskey in sucheases. Those who are liable to chills and fever should never be without the Ready Relief in the house for instant application, and if a 25 cent box of Radway's Regulating Pills be kept beside it, believe us, you are better off in an emergency than if you had an apothecary shop convenient and all the drugs in the pharmacopœia. All who are exposed to the weather—farmers, hunters, travellers, stage-drivers, sailors, firemen and so on—all are liable to a sudden attack of the chills. It is an easy thing to catch, but with or in any medicine almost difficult thing to get rid of. And even when the fever and ague has been expelled by the usual drugs, it will return year after year at the same season, to torture its subject. But its re-comings back will be thoroughly rooted out by Radway's Ready Relief and Radway's Regulating Pills. They make a perfect cure, and not a temporary one. They seize the disorder in its citadel, overthrow it, render it powerless for mischief, and then cast it forth to trouble you no more. Radway's Ready Relief is fever and ague Killer of the most perfect kind. It destroys the disorder root and branch, after doing so it invigorates your whole frame to such an extent that you feel like a new man, recreated, impervious to disease. Sold by druggists.

DR. FREDERICK B. PAGE, in his report to the Medical Society of Louisiana, in regard to the most efficient treatment of Yellow, Typhoid and Intermittent Fevers, says:

There is a popular remedy, now in use, called Radway's Ready Relief. I have used it with great success in all varieties of Fevers, especially the Yellow Fever. As a preventive of contagion, it far excels the celebrated waters of Ruschi; as a remedial agent, in the treatment of Fevers, it can in all cases be relied upon as an absolute certainty. Every hospital should be supplied with this remedy: and every family keeping a supply at their homes, will be the means of saving a multitude of lives. [June 25, 1866. 2w

Dr. Marshall's Catarrh Snuff.

This snuff has thoroughly proved itself to be the best article known for curing the Catarrh, Cold in the Head and Headache. It has been found an excellent remedy in many cases of Sore Eyes.—Deafness has been removed by it, and Hearing has often been greatly improved by its use.

It is fragrant and agreeable, and GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF to the dull heavy pains caused by diseases of the head. The sensations after using it are delightful and invigorating. It opens and purges out all obstructions, strengthens the glands, and gives a healthy action to the parts affected.

More than Thirty Years' of sale and use of "Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," has proved its great value for all the common diseases of the head, and at this moment stands higher than ever before.

It is recommended by many of the best physicians, and is used with great success and satisfaction everywhere.

Read the Certificates of Wholesale Druggists in 1851: The undersigned, having for many years been acquainted with Dr. Marshall's Catarrh and Headache Snuff," and sold it in our wholesale trade, cheerfully state, that we believe it to be equal, in every respect, to the recommendations given of it for the cure of Catarrhal Affections, and that it is decidedly the best article we have ever known for all common diseases of the Head. Burr & Perry, Boston; Read, Anston & Co., Boston; Brown, Lawson & Co., Boston; Seth W. Fowle, Boston; Wilson, Fairbank & Co., Boston; Henshaw, Edmund & Co., Boston; H. H. Hay, Portland, Me.; Barnes & Park, New York; A. W. & D. Sands, New York; Stephen Paul & Co., New York; Israel Minor & Co., New York; McKesson & Robbins, New York; A. L. Scovill & Co., New York; M. Ward, Close & Co., New York; Bush & Gile, New York. ☞ For sale by all Druggists.—Try it, [Dec. 18, 1865. 1y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce or which we think has ever yet been made by anybody. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints *which it would not be supposed they* could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no others. The sick want the best and there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg.

May 7, 1866. 2m

Terrible Disclosures.

SECRETS FOR THE MILLION!—A most valuable and wonderful publication. A work of 200 pages, and 30 colored Engravings. DR. HUNTER'S VADE MECUM, an original and popular treatise on Man and Woman, their Physiology, Functions, and Sexual disorders of every kind, with Never-Failing Remedies for their speedy cure. The practice of DR. HUNTER has long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous persons, he has been induced to extend his medical usefulness through the medium of his "VADE MECUM." It is a volume that should be in the hands of every family in the land, as a preventive of secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of the most awful and destructive scourges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States for 50 cents in P. O. stamps. Address, post paid, DR. HUNTER, No. 3 Division St., New York. [Sept. 25 1y

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and LUNG Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please by return mail, address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., New York.

Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.
LIFE—HEALTH—STRENGTH.

The Great French Remedy.

DR. JUAN DELAMARRE'S
CELEBRATED SPECIFIC PILLS,
Prepared from a prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, Chief Physician of the Hospital du Nord ou Lariboisiere of Paris.

This invaluable medicine is no imposition, but is unfailing in the cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness. Every species of Genital or Urinary Irritability, Involuntary or Nightly Seminal Emissions from whatever cause produced, or however severe, will be speedily relieved and the organs restored to healthy action.

Read the following opinions of eminent French physicians:

"We have used the Specific Pills prepared by Garan ière & Dupont, No. 214 Rue Lombard, from the prescription of Dr. Juan Delamarre, in our private practice with uniform success, and we believe there is no other medicine so well calculated to cure all persons suffering from Involuntary Emissions or any other weakness of the Sexual Organs, whether caused by sedentary modes of living, excesses, or abuse.

R. A. BEAUREPAIRE, M. D.
G. D. DUJARDIN, M. D.
JEAN LE LBUCHRE, M. D.

Paris, May 5th, 1859."

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The genuine Pills are sold by all the principal Druggists throughout the World. Price One Dollar per Box, or six Boxes for Five Dollars.

GARANCIERE & DUPONT, Sole Proprietors,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

One Dollar enclosed to any authorised Agent, will insure a box (by return mail, securely sealed from all observation, six boxes for five dollars.

Sole General Agents for America,
OSCAR G. MOSES & CO.,
27 Cortland st., N. Y.

N. B.—French, German, Spanish and English Pamphlets, containing full part culars and directions for use, sent free to every address.

A. D. Buehler, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec, 18, 1865. 1y

Lyon's Periodical Drops!

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.—These Drops are a scientifically compounded, safe preparation, and better than any Pills, Powders or Nostrums. Being liquid, their action is direct and positive, rendering them a reliable, speedy and certain specific for the cure of all obstructions and suppressions of nature. Their popularity is indicated by the fact that over 100,000 bottles are annually consumed by the ladies of the United States, every one of whom speaks in the strongest terms of praise of their great merits. They are rapidly taking the place of every other Female Remedy, and are considered by all who know aught of them, as the surest, safest, and most infallible preparation in the world, for the cure of all female complaints, the removal of all obstructions of nature, and the promotion of health, regularity and strength.—Explicit directions stating when they may used, and explaining when and why they should not, nor could not be used without producing effects contrary to nature's laws, will be found carefully folded around each bottle, with the written signature of JOHN L. LYON, without which none are genuine.

Prepared by Dr. JOHN L. LYON, 195 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., who can be consulted either personally, or by mail,

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,	10 50 @	12 00
RYE FLOUR,		8 25
WHITE WHEAT,	2 20 @	2 60
RED WHEAT,	2 20 @	2 50
CORN,		70
RYE,		77
OATS,		45
BUCKWHEAT,		1 25
HAY,	8 00 @	9 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	9 75 @	10 25
WHEAT,	2 25 @	3 00
RYE,	1 15 @	1 20
CORN,	1 03 @	1 23
OATS,	65 @	68
HOGS, ₰ hund.,	13 50 @	14 50
BEEF CATTLE, ₰ hund.,	14 00 @	18 00
HAY,	20 00 @	22 00
WHISKEY,	2 31 @	2 32

Dr. A. B. Dill & B. F. Herman

HAVE associated themselves in the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity.

Petersburg, Y. S., July 2, 1866.

Carpenters Wanted.

THREE or four good CARPENTERS, to whom good wages will be paid, wanted immediately by the undersigned, in Gettysburg. WM. CHRITZMAN.

July 2, 1866. 3t

Fair.

THE Ladies' Mite Society will hold a Fair for the benefit of the Methodist E. Church of Bendersville, on the Adams County Agricultural Fair Ground, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENING and SATURDAY and SATURDAY EVENING, July 26th, 27th and 28th.

The Trotting Course of the Fair Ground will be open to the public during Saturday all day. Horse feed can be had on the ground, also a Supper will be prepared on Saturday at 5 o'clock. The Fair promises to be a success, as there have been made large preparations. Contributions from a distance will be thankfully received. We hope the Public will appreciate this enterprise, and help to make it a grand success.

LADIES' MITE SOCIETY.

Bendersville, July 2, 1866.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania for the incorporation of a Savings' Institution, to be located in the Borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Penn'a., under the name and style of "THE LITTLESTOWN SAVINGS' INSTITUTION," the intention of which shall be to loan out money and receive deposits thereof, and do such things as are usually done by similar institutions; the capital thereof not to exceed One Hundred Thousand Dollars, to be divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each.

July 2, 1866. 6m

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I forewarn any person from purchasing a note given by me payable to Jacob E. Myers, dated May 19, 1866, for the amount of Fifty Dollars, for which I have received no value and will not pay the same.

JOHN SHULTZ.

July 2, 1866. 3t

Mower & Reaper for Sale.

A FIRST RATE MOWER AND REAPER, (Screw Power,) for sale by the undersigned. The machine is nearly new, and in good running order—and is offered for sale only because the owner has not the time to attend to it. PETER GINTLING.

Cumberland tp., June 25, 1866. 2t*

Notice.

JOSEPH BLOCHER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Blocher, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first named residing in Mountjoy township, Adams co., and the last named in West Manheim township, York co., they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BLOCHER,
ELI BLOCHER,
June 25, 1866. 6t Executors.

Notice.

PHILIP WOLF'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration de bonis non with the will annexed, on the estate of Philip Wolf, Sr., late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Mountjoy township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOSEPH A. WOLF,

June 18, 1866. 6t* Adm'r. &c.

Dr. J. F. Ensor,

HAVING located on the Hanover road, ONE MILE EAST OF GRANITE HILL P. O., Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., offers his professional services to the public.

June 18, 1866. 3m

For Sale.

A FIRST-RATE MULE TEAM, with or without Harness. Also, a good Wagon. All in complete order. Will be sold cheap. Apply to SAMUEL HERBST,

June 18, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

Notice.

ABRAHAM KRISE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Krise, late of Liberty township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. ANNA KRISE,

May 28, 1866. 6t Executrix.

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.

June 4, 1865. tf

Wanted Immediately.

THREE OR FOUR JOURNEYMEN, to work at the Carpenteriug Business. Should be experienced workmen. Good wages will be paid. Apply immediately to

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

June 11, 1866. 3t* Gettysburg, Pa.

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [April 30, 1866. 4m

Sugar 10 Cents,

AT Swan's Grocery, on the North-west corner of the Diamond. [April 30, 1866.

$90 **A Month!**—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me. [May 21, 866. 1sly

PRATT'S IMPROVED FRUIT CANS.—Something new!—Call and see them at Buehler's Tin and Sheet Iron Factory. Decidedly the best Can ever manufactured. Also, FRUIT JARS, of the best and most improved patterns. [June 18, 1866.

A NEW stock of GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, selected with especial care and warranted good time keepers, just received and for sale at

J. BEVAN'S,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

PURE SILVER WARE and SILVER PLATED WARE of the very best quality, a new assortment just received. Call and see it. J. BEVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

Wanted!

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part pay meat, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.

Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.

Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Reduced Prices.

PIANOS, CABINET AND AMERICAN ORGANS. Superior tuned 7 octave PIANOS from $350 upwards. ORGANS from $80 upwards. All instruments selected, recommended and sold by me, additionally guaranteed. Illustrated circulars sent by mail, when desired. P. BENTZ,

No. 30 East Market Street, York, Pa.

Mar. 12, 1866.

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISSLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

Disabled Men, Attention!

WANTED, one or two men, in Gettysburg and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or leg, to sell WADSWORTH'S WATER PROOF ARNICA HEALING PLASTER, the best and cheapest Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address with 25 cents for sample and full information A. F. BELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia, Pa. N. B.—All Agents and peddlers would find it to their interest to answer the above.

April 16, 1866. 3m

New Chester Hotel.

THE undersigned has purchased the old Taughinbaugh Hotel property, in New Chester, Adams county, Pa., and re-opened the house for the accommodation of Travellers, Pedlers, Drovers, and all others. His Table will have everything in season, and his Bar the choicest wines an liquors. His Chambers are large and airy. Good Stabling is attached to the Hotel. He asks a share of public patronage, and will do his best to deserve it.

JOSEPH TODT.

May 21, 1866.

$1,500 **Per Year!** WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under-and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business in the name of Row & Woods has been dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to settle their accounts.

S. S. ROW,
H. B. WOODS.

June 4, 1866.

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,

BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

For Sale.

A GOOD SECOND HAND MOWING MACHINE will be sold cheap by

SAMUEL HERBST.

June 25, 1866.

Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—Several HOUSES can be purchased at Private Sale by calling on FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Dec. 15, 1866. tf

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has a *paid-up* capital of half a million, and a cash surplus of over a hundred thousand, to pay losses.

GOLD, SILVER, STEEL, and other SPECTACLES, to suit all ages, always on hand, and fitted to sight.

J. BEVAN,
Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It insures against *all kinds of accidents*, and its benefits are received by all classes of men.

SAGO, Arrow Root, Corn Starch, Rice-flour and Gelatin, for sale at Dr HORNER'S Drug Store.

WE have just received a new assortment of Queensware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

THE best lot of Upper Leather COLLARS, of our own make, now ready and for sale.

D. McCREARY & SON.

CANDIDATES.

☞Our charge for announcing candidates, until the Convention, is three dollars, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Communications recommending candidates, ten cents a line, one insertion—also in advance.

For Sheriff.

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, the undersigned, (residing in Gettysburg since April 1st, but formerly and for many years a resident of Conewago township,) offers himself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

EMANUEL D. KELLER.

April 16, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JOSEPH A. ORENDORFF.

Mountjoy tp., April 16, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.—Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. REUBEN GOLDEN.

Cumberland tp., April 16, 1866. tc

URGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF, subject of the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated I will spare no honorable efforts to secure my election, and if elected, I will discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. HENRY BEITLER.

Mountjoy tp., April 23, 1866. tc

HAVING been solicited by many friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

JOSEPH WOLF.

Butler tp., April 23, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends throughout the county, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. JACOB KLUNK.

Germany tp., April 9, 1866. tc

AT the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. PHILIP HANN.

Straban tp., April 9, 1866. tc

For Register & Recorder.

ENCOURAGED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. I served as Lieutenant in the 165th Regiment, P. M., under Capt. Jacob E. Miller.

WM. C. BECK.

Reading tp, May 28, 1866. tc

HAVING been disabled in one arm by a bullet wound whilst serving in the 87th P. V., I have been frequently solicited to offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—which I now do, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I flatter myself that I will be able to discharge the duties of the office correctly and to the satisfaction of the public.

WM. D. HOLTZWORTH.

Gettysburg, May 14, 1866. tc

ENCOURAGED by many friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER, at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and satisfactorily.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE.

Franklin tp., June 18, 1866. tc

SOLICITED by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for REGISTER & RECORDER at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I will do my best to discharge the duties of the office in a satisfactory manner. BARNAT MYERS.

Menallen tp., June 25, 1866. tc

Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Gettysburg will meet on MONDAY, the 9th day of JULY next, to elect Teachers for the EIGHT SCHOOLS under their care. Term nine Months—Schools to open August 1st. The following salaries will be paid per month, viz: School No. 1, $50; No. 2, $35; No. 3, $30; No 4, $24; No. 5, $22; No. 6, $22; No. 7, $20; No. 8, $20.

☞For School No. 1 a male Teacher is required, and for No. 2, male or female.

☞The County Superintendent will hold an examination for applicants in the School Building, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day.

By order of the Board,
T. D. CARSON, President.

D. A. BUEHLER, Secretary.

June 11, 1866. 3t

Prime Hams,

SHOULDERS, Sides, home-made Bologna Saussage, &c., a full stock always kept for sale, of the very best quality, and at lowest living profits, by

KALBFLEISCH,

June 11. next door to the Post Office.

Smoking Tobaccos.

SOMETHING NICE!

WM. H. BROGUNIER,

at McSherrystown, Adams county, Pa.,

Manufactures two different grades of SMOKING TOBACCO, which cannot be beat. They are mild and pleasant, all the poisonous taste being extracted, and yet the flavor is fully preserved. Smokers, give them a trial, and you will be pleased.

Orders from a distance solicited.

Feb. 26, 1866. tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR at Swan's Grocery on the corner of the Diamond.

April 30, 1866.

NEW GOODS!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS now on hand a very large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, mostly of his own manufacturing and well made, embracing every size and price.

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

well selected and very handsome styles, all of which will be sold very cheap, *for cash.* Call and see them. GEORGE ARNOLD.

May 7, 1866. 3m

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line. Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

To All Book Buyers.

JAS. K. SIMON, 38 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, IS AGENT FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE BOOKS:

APPLETON'S NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA—26 Vols.
" HISTORY OF THE REBELLION—1 large Vol.
" DICTIONARY OF MECHANICS—2 Vols.
REBELLION RECORD, BY FRANK MOORE—9 Vols.
WASHINGTON IRVING'S WORKS—22 Vols.
COOPER'S NOVELS, DICKENS' WORKS.
MERIVALE & GIBBON'S ROME.
MACAULEY'S WORKS
URE'S DICTIONARY OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES.
BANCROFT'S UNITED STATES—8 Vols. &c.

I furnish all Books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices.—Send a list of any Books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail.

May 28, 1866. 1m

Another Large Stock

OF NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT GRIMES'S.

James A. Grimes, York street, has been to the city again, to replenish his stock, which went off so rapidly, because it was so very good and so very cheap. The new stock beats anything he has yet offered to this community, and he hopes all the people will come and see for themselves. His new purchase of SYRUPS can't be beat, and he will sell from a pint up to a barrel; his SUGARS are of all varieties, including the very primest; his COFFEES are the best in the market; his FISH are elegant; and his FLOUR extra.

He has laid in a large lot of STONE-WARE, which he offers cheap, and is sure will please—so with his WOODEN-WARE, QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, PICKLES, SPICES, CONFECTIONARY, Tobacco and Segars, and the thousand other things to be found in his very full and complete Store. By selling cheap, and selling quick, he expects to get along quite as well as those who have greater profits, but sell slower. [June 11, 1866.

Buggies and Carriages.

THIS WAY! THIS WAY!—The undersigned is engaged in the Carriage-making business, at the corner of Chambersburg and West streets, Gettysburg, and invites all who may need anything in his line to give him a call. He puts up, in the very best manner, Falling-top and other BUGGIES, and all the different styles of CARRIAGES. With a full knowledge of the business, and a determination to give satisfaction, the public can rely upon his jobs being good. He will endeavor to deserve a large share of patronage, and hopes to receive it.

REPAIRING done at the shortest notice, and on most reasonable terms. ☞Country produce will be taken in exchange for work.

CHARLES E. GILBERT.

Gettysburg, June 4, 1866. tf

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Sale of Real Estate.

I WILL sell, on accommodating terms, my property, located in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., within one mile of Fairfield, and eight miles of Gettysburg, known as

"VIRGINIA MILLS,"

containing 500 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, well improved. There is on this land a good THREE-STORY STONE MILL, containing two run of Burrs, and a SAW MILL. Apply to the Hon. Moses McClean, Gettysburg, or John J. Lock, Charlestown, Jefferson co., Va.

M. V. LOCK.

June 18, 1866. tf

Groceries! Groceries!

THE BEST IN TOWN!

COME AND SEE THEM!

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY have added a large and splendid stock of GROCERIES to their business, and invite the public to call and see for themselves. They offer the best of everything, at the lowest possible profits: COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; with Confectionary, Oranges, Nuts, Tobaccos, Segars—and a variety entirely too large to be enumerated. "Come one, come all."

Gettysburg, June 18, 1866. tf

The Very Latest!

JACOBS & BROTHER,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

Just received from the city a splendid assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every description. Suits made to order in the most fashionable and substantial manner. All work guaranteed to fit or no sale. Customers cannot fail to be pleased. Give us a call.

☞P. S.—We are agents for the celebrated SINGER SEWING MACHINE, and always have the machines on hand and for sale. We can recommend them as being the best machines in use. JACOBS & BRO.

May 28, 1866.

CLOCKS Now on hand CLOCKS in great variety, from factories of the highest reputation in the country, and warranted good time-keepers. Call on J. BEVAN,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

DR. HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

TYSON'S Excelsior Skylight Gallery is the place to go if you wish Pictures at low prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Photographic materials,

Wholesale and Retail,

501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

IN addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES & STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS OF THE WAR,

From negatives made in the various campaigns and forming a complete Photographic history of the great contest.

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS ON GLASS,

Adapted for either the Magic Lantern or the Stereoscope. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We manufacture more largely than any other house, about 200 varieties from 50 cents to $50 each. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF GENERALS, STATESMEN, ACTORS, ETC., ETC.

Our Catalogue embraces over FIVE THOUSAND different subjects, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D, will please remit 25 per cent of the amount with their order.

☞The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy.

June 18, 1866. 1y

MOWERS & REAPERS.

THE undersigned is still Agent for the sale of MOWING AND REAPING MACHINES—both combined and single Mowers.

These machines can be used as Self-Rakers or Hand Rakers, as farmers may wish. They are made with *two* cutter bars, one for cutting grain with sickle knife—cutting five feet nine inches wide—and extra bar, with two knives, for grass,—cutting four feet six inches wide, having iron or wooden frames as desired—They have two driving wheels and flexible finger bar.

The company building these machines have secured by lease and purchase, the control of all the desirable and standard patents now in use, among which are the

OHIO AND BUCKEYE PATENTS,

to which we direct special attention. In compactness, lightness of draft, excellence of workmanship and finish, combined with great strength and adaptation to all kinds of work, they will compete with, and we believe, surpass, any other machine now offered to the public.

Farmers would do well to examine these machines before purchasing any other. They will be sold as cheap as any other first-class machine now manufactured, and we warrant them to give entire satisfaction or no sale.

☞Extras always kept on hand. Specimen machines can be seen by calling on the Agent, residing on the Harrisburg road, two miles north-east of Gettysburg.

WILLIAM WIBLE, Agent.

April 23, 1866.

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP

are now building a variety of

COACH WORK

of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1866.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE-CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style.—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and pic-nics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER

can always be had icy and cool and at all hours

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.

May 21, 1866. tf MINNIGH & BRO.

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,

IN CARLISLE STREET,

west side, a few doors from the Public Square, Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Boot and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Bitter Wine of Iron.

AN exquisite impregnation of dry Spanish Wine with the activity of CALISAYA BARK, and the most energetic of all the ferruginous salts, CITRATE OF MAGNETIC OXIDE OF IRON. It has a vinous flavor, very grateful to the palate, is without chalybeate taste and will not discolor the teeth.

It excites languid appetite, gives zest to food, improves digestion, increases the strength, steadies the circulation, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, gives firmness and precision to the actions of the nervous system, with power to endure fatigue and resist disease.

MAGNETIC CITRATE of IRON is new and peculiar, differing from the ordinary Soluble Citrate, in containing an equivalent of Protoxide of Iron, in place of the Ammonia. It is neutral, tasteless, without astringency, as prompt and energetic as the Chloride, and unlike that, induces no local inflammatory action or headache.

CALISAYA BARK is pre-eminent among vegetable tonics, has no equal as a strengthener or restorative, nor rival as an anti-periodic.

Retails in $1 & $2 bottles, Quarts & Gallons for dispensing.

O. S. HUBBELL, Apothecary,
1410 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

May 28, 1866. 1m

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of

C. H. BUEHLER,

Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It has paid *over one hundred and forty thousand dollars* to holders of its policies, including $37,500 to *twenty-eight* policyholders, *for $512 in premiums.*

KALBFLEISCH is selling a large amount of Goods, because the people are finding out that he is determined not to be undersold.

GO TO! GO TO!

H. B. WOODS'

FIRST NATIONAL *HAT, SHOE, NOTION AND VARIETY STORE,*

Where you can buy the cheapest and best goods in town,

Corner of the Diamond and York Street.

HATS.

HATS FOR OLD MEN.—Soft and stiff brims.
HATS FOR FASHIONABLE MEN.—Always the latest out.
HATS FOR YOUNG MEN.—"The latest issues."
HATS FOR BOYS.—Every variety and style.
HATS FOR CHILDREN.—Neat and fashionable.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS FOR MEN AND BOYS.—Cheap and good.
SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS.—A large assortment.
SHOES FOR LADIES.—Good, cheap and neat.
SHOES FOR CHILDREN.—The best assortment in town.
GAITERS OF EVERY STYLE.—For Ladies, Gents and Children.

NOTIONS.

STOCKINGS OF ALL KINDS.—For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
GLOVES.—For Men, Ladies and Children, cheap as ever.
NECK-TIES.—A splendid assortment.
PAPER COLLARS.—For Ladies and Gentlemen.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.—Bordered and Plain, for Ladies and Gents.
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.—Nice and cheap for Children.
COMBS.—Gum and Horn.
SUSPENDERS.—A general assortment.
GARTERS.—Best Elastic for Ladies and Children.
CORSETS.—The best fitting and most comfortable at low prices.
SPOOL COTTON.—Of all colors, cheapest and best.

VARIETY GOODS.

UMBRELLAS—At lowest prices.
LADIES' BASKETS—Cheapest in town.
CARRIAGE WHIPS—Of best India Steel.
STROPS—That make a keen edge.
SHAVING SOAP AND BRUSHES—The very best.
LEAD PENCILS—Of the best make.
SHOE BRUSHES—Cheap but good.
CARPET SACKS—Plain and Railroad.
TRUNKS—Of all sizes.

☞Before purchasing always call at the FIRST NATIONAL STORE and save money by buying cheap. H. B. WOODS.

June 11, 1866.

Reasons Why The

AMERICAN WATCH,

MADE AT WALTHAM, MASS., IS THE BEST.

It is made on the best principle. Its frame is composed of SOLID PLATES. NO jar can interfere with the harmony of its working and no sudden shock can damage its machinery. Every piece is made and finished by machinery (itself famous for its novelty, as well as for its effectiveness) and is therefore properly made. The watch is what all mechanism should be—ACCURATE, SIMPLE, STRONG AND ECONOMICAL. Except some high grades, too costly for general use, foreign watches are chiefly made by women and boys. Such watches are composed of several hundred pieces, screwed and riveted together, and require constant repairs to keep them in any kind of order. All persons who have carried "ancres," "lepines" and "English Patent Levers," are perfectly well aware of the truth of this statement.

At the beginning of our enterprise, more than ten years ago, it was our first object to make a thoroughly good low-priced watch for the million, to take the place of these foreign impositions—the refuse of foreign factories—which were entirely unsaleable at home and perfectly worthless everywhere.

How well we have accomplished this may be understood from the fact, that after so many years of public trial, we now make MORE THAN HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, and that no others have ever given such universal satisfaction. While this department of our business is continued with increased facilities for perfect work, we are at present engaged in the manufacture of watches of the very HIGHEST GRADE KNOWN TO CHRONOMETRY, unequalled by anything hitherto made by ourselves, and unsurpassed by anything made in the world. For this purpose we have the amplest facilities. We have erected an addition to our main buildings expressly for this branch of our business, and have filled it with the best workmen in our service. New machines and appliances have been constructed, which perform their work with consummate delicacy and exactness. The choicest and most approved materials only are used, and we challenge comparison between this grade of our work and the finest imported chronometers. We do not pretend to sell our watches for *less money* than foreign watches, but we do assert without fear of contradiction that for the *same money* our product is incomparably superior. All our watches, of whatever grade, are fully warranted, and this warrantee is good at all times against us or our agents in all parts of the world.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeits will be prosecuted.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents for the American Watch Company,
182 Broadway, N. Y.

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand, (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.

S. G. COOK.

Mar. 12, 1866. 3m

Notions & Confections.

A WORD TO THE PEOPLE OF TOWN AND COUNTRY.

THE subscriber keeps a Notion and Confectionary Store on Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Railroad Station, Gettysburg, where he has constantly on hand, CANDIES, NUTS, Figs, Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, &c., Tobaccos and Segars of all kinds: Pocket-Books, Suspenders, Neck Ties, Collars, &c.; Soaps and Perfumeries; also some GROCERIES, Sugars, Coffees, Rice, with the different kinds of Crackers. Ice-cold MEAD at all times. He invites custom from town and country, and sells at small profits.

LEWIS STROUSE.

Aug. 7, 1865. 1y

Great Reduction in Prices.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

are now selling

GOOD CALICOES AT 12½ CENTS,
BEST UNBLEACHED MUSLIN AT 28 CTS.,

and all other Goods in proportion.

If you want CHEAP Goods, now is the time to buy them.

Call at once.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Gettysburg, Mar. 26, 1866.

Cheese! Cheese!

SWITZER, Limberger and English Cheese, can always be had at

KALBFLEISCH'S,

June 11. next door to the Post Office.

Various Matters.

DEMOCRATIC PAPERS.

There is a healthy look about our Democratic exchanges throughout the State which is gratifying to observe. Many of them are being enlarged and otherwise improved. They are fighting the political battle bravely and deserve to be encouraged. In the present important political campaign a very large share of the work must be done by the Democratic press. A special effort should be made by every Democrat to increase the circulation of Democratic newspapers. By no other agency can so much good be accomplished. If we can get the people to read both sides, the revolution that is now going on in public sentiment will be complete, thorough and lasting. To this end let the circulation of Democratic newspapers be increased. Proper efforts by individual Democrats will accomplish wonders. Let each man do his whole duty in this matter, and the combined result of individual effort will be such as to astonish even the most sanguine.

The Way the Money Goes.—The Jacobin Congress spend more money, in one way or other, to assist in carrying out their designs, than would pay all that the soldiers and sailors ask of them. The "investigating" committees use up more money than any one has an idea of. There is now a bill before the House for $52,000 for the contingent fund. The nation is bleeding at every pore, and these sharpers will not leave enough life in it, if they are not stopped, to make even an appearance among the nations of the earth. It is a continual drain on the treasury for the benefit of the negro. Will the people let the opportunity slip them this fall of sending the whole batch to Coventry?

Disunionists in Council.—The "Union League" of disunionists of Pennsylvania held a grand council at Pittsburg on the 8th ultimo, to take measures how to keep the Union divided and maintain traitors in power. The following resolution, among others, was adopted:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of this State Grand Council, the cause of liberty, union, justice and humanity requires that the nominees of the Republican Union party of this State shall be elected to office. We therefore discountenance any attempt to bring forward third candidates for the several State and county offices, and we denounce the same as calculated and intended to bring about the election of the Copperhead candidates of the so-called Democratic party.

They are alarmed, and well they may be. They see a ghost already, and protest against him.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL.

If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C, COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valices, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Bocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Bushler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1860.

1866. At HORNER'S you can get pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

CALL and see the most beautiful assortment of new JEWELRY, such as Breast-pins, Ear Drops, Finger Rings, Lockets, Chains, &c., at J. BEVAN'S,

Opposite the Bank, Gettysburg.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Schick Still Ahead!

NEW SPRING GOODS!

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

J. L. SCHICK

would respectfully say to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he is now receiving at his store a splendid

STOCK OF SPRING GOODS.

The stock consists in part of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, of every description.

SILKS, MOZAMBIQUE, CHALLIES, DE-LAINES, BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS, LAWNS, CALICOES,

of all qualities and choicest styles, which will be sold at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

FURNISHING GOODS

of all kinds, including Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Stockings, &c.

Also, a splendid assortment of RIBBONS, Laces and Edgings, Umbrellas and Parasols.—My stock of WHITE GOODS will be found full and complete, and customers may rely upon always getting good goods at the lowest possible prices.

Gentlemen will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, of all qualities and choicest styles.

April 16, 1866. J. L. SCHICK.

The Great Discovery

OF THE AGE.—Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism can be cured by using H. L. MILLER'S CELEBRATED RHEUMATIC MIXTURE. Many prominent citizens of this, and the adjoining counties, have testified to its great utility. Its success in Rheumatic affections, has been hitherto unparalleled by any specific, introduced to the public. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists and storekeepers. Prepared only by H. L. MILLER, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Oils, Varnish, Spirits, Paints, Dye-stuffs, bottled Oils, Essences and Tinctures, Window Glass, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

☞A. D. Buehler is the Agent in Gettysburg for "H. L. Miller's Celebrated Rheumatic Mixture." [June 3, 1861. tf

Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,

BOOK BINDER,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Cemetery Removals.

THE undersigned, being the authorized person to make removals into Ever Green Cemetery, hopes that such as contemplate the removal of the remains of deceased relatives or friends will avail themselves of this season of the year to have it done. Removals made with promptness—terms low, and no effort spared to please.

PETER THORN,
Keeper of the Cemetery.

March 12, '60.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices,

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS and a SLEIGH for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

Dec. 7, 1863.

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.—The superior Pictures taken at MUMPER'S SKY-LIGHT GALLERY, on West Middle st., are attracting universal attention. Good judges pronounce them superior to any ever taken in this place. Call and examine for yourselves.

Jan. 16, 1865.

Picture Frames.

A GREAT variety of PICTURE FRAMES, with plain and convex glasses, for sale at Horner's Drug and Variety Store.

June 26, 1865.

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars(leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (ticking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black, rounded or flat,	No Seam Collars,
Martingals,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Heavy Draft Harness,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Blind Bridles,	Plaited Team Whips,
Girths,	Trotting Whips,
Cruppers,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets,
	&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Great Reduction of Prices

AT THE CHEAP GROCERY!

CORNER OF DIAMOND AND CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

JOHN M. SWAN,

Having just returned from the city, respectfully informs his customers, and the public, that he has succeeded in forming a connection with one of the first Importing Houses in the city of Baltimore, by which he is enabled to offer Groceries at a lower figure than they can be purchased elsewhere in the county.—If you would save money, call at the Cheap Grocery, corner of Diamond and Chambersburg street. He sells exclusively for Cash, and is determined to be ahead of all others in selling cheap. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN M. SWAN.

Barron's Safety Lamps,

AND

LIG-RO-INE (Red) FLUID.

PATENTED.

THIS Lamp apparently burns *without anything to feed it.* It has, however, a material which absorbs the liquid and gives it to the flame, partly from the wick, and partly in the form of gas, but so as to produce perfect combustion, and is very economical and safe.

It is used without a chimney, and perfectly trimmed, does not smoke or smell; it is therefore especially adapted to the purposes of a "man about," night, nurse, shop or hotel lamp, or lantern. The cost of broken chimneys, alone, will more than pay the cost of this lamp. Every family needs one or more.

"It is just what I have been long looking for," writes a model house-keeper.

"I should hardly know how to do without it," writes another.

"A perfect contrivance," writes a third.

"Let those who are skeptical try it," writes a fourth.

For sale by JOHN M. SWAN,
Cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st.

☞The Lig-ro-ine Fluid also for sale at the same place. [Mar. 12, 1866.

Forwarding Business.

CULP & EARNSHAW'S LINE.

HAVING purchased the Warehouse and Cars heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, the undersigned take pleasure in announcing to the public that they will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

from Gettysburg to Baltimore every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly at Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of STEVENSON & SONS, 165 North Howard street, (near Franklin,) Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

Having purchased the buildings and lot on the Northeast corner of Railroad and North Washington streets, Gettysburg, their Depot will remain there. Any person having business in the forwarding line are respectfully invited to call. CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 7, 1865.

Money Saved

IS MONEY MADE.

CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED,

AND PRICES REDUCED!

The undersigned most respectfully invite their old customers and the public generally to call and see their Goods at the new prices. We have

A FULL AND WELL SELECTED STOCK, which we have concluded to run off at the lowest possible prices. We intend doing what we say; therefore all persons desirous of making money in the easiest way (by saving it in their purchases) will not fail to give us a call, as we promise them they shall not be disappointed.

We are thankful for the past very liberal patronage we have received, and trust that we shall merit a continuation of the same; and MORE—as we shall use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

☞Don't forget the place.

DANNER & SHIELDS,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

N. B.—We are Agents for Miller's Superior Family Flour, and Johnson's celebrated Blasting Powder. [Feb. 26, 1866. tf

Accidents!

THE ORIGINAL

TRAVELLERS INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Cash Assets, Dec. 1, 8585,838.12,

INSURES AGAINST

ACCIDENTS FROM RUNAWAY HORSES, ACCIDENTS FROM SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS ASSAULTS BY BURGLARS AND ROBBERS SPRAINED ANKLES AND BROKEN LIMBS EXPLOSIONS, COLLISIONS, BURNING & DROWNING.

Accidents of All Kinds.

☞Policies of any amount from $500 to $10,000 in case of fatal accident, or $3 to $50 weekly compensation in case of disabling bodily injury, and from one month to five years time, at *small premiums.*

Oldest and Best Accident Ins. Co. Extant.

J. G. BATTERSON, Pres't.
RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.

☞H. A PICKING, Agent, Gettysburg.

April 9, 1866. 3m

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the original TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. It is the oldest, largest, and safest accident insurance company in the country.

THE HUBBARD.

THE undersigned are agents for the sale of Hubbard's celebrated Mowers and Reapers, both combined and single Mowers and Self-Rakers. Farmers would do well to examine our specimen machines before purchasing any other. We warrant satisfaction or no sale. The advantages of the Hubbard as a Mower, are its light draft, great strength, simplicity and durability, freedom from all side draft, no weight on the horses' necks, and is easy work for two small horses. The main features and advantages of the Hubbard as a Mower are retained in the Reaper, and can be changed from a Mower to a Reaper by changing three bolts and two shoe pins. The raker, with one easy natural motion, brings the grain towards him and deposits it in a compact sheaf in the rear of the machine, leaving ample room for the machine to pass next time around. The Self-Rake has no equal; it is a reel and a rake combined. The driver by use of a lever regulates the size of the bundle, and it can be worked in all kinds of grain from the shortest oats to the tallest rye; is very simple in construction, and less liable to get out of repair than any other Rake. They are made with two cutter bars, one for cutting grain with sickle knife, cutting five feet nine inches wide, and an extra bar, with two knives, for grass, cutting four feet eight inches wide. Extras always kept on hand. Specimen machines can be seen by calling on the agents, residing near Gulden's Station. Post office address, Granite Hill, Pa.

☞Also Pratt & Smedley's Patent Horse Rakes on hand, built by Geo. W. Brant & Co., Columbia, Pa.

HENRY THOMAS & SON, Agents.

May 14, 1866.

BELL'S

Concentra'd Flavoring Extracts!

EQUAL to any in the market and superior to many, in larger bottles, and at old prices.

Wholesale agents for Baltimore,

BURROUGH BROS.,
Wholesale Druggists.

LIST.—Lemon, Orange, Vanilla, Rose, Peach, Nutmeg, Celery, Allspice, Cloves, Ginger, Birch, Cinnamon, Apple, Mulberry, Pine Apple, Banana, Mace, Raspberry, Pear, Pepper, Parsley, Strawberry, Bitter Almond, and Savory spices.

The great difficulty heretofore experienced in procuring true Flavoring Extracts, has induced the proprietor to spare no pains or expense in giving to the public an article which will be found true to its name, and which will in no instance be a source of disappointment.

It will be observed that our extract of Lemon and Orange is a prepared extract from the Peel, which any one may be convinced of by merely smelling them.

The price of Vanilla Beans, too, has caused more useless Extract of Vanilla to be manufactured and sold than any other essence; being either made from Tonka Beans, or some other fictitious compound. In our Extract we WILL GUARANTEE A PURE ARTICLE! made from the true Bean, without any foreign substance whatever.

Bell's Worm Syrup.

THE MOST INNOCENT, PLEASANT AND EFFICIENT REMEDY IN USE.—A REMEDY PERFECT IN ITSELF.—*No Castor Oil to be Taken.*—In this Preparation we have included such remedies only as have been tried for years and are known to possess powerful anthelmintic virtues, combined with mild aperients, pleasant aromatics and sugar. Anthelmintics of themselves cannot perform their peculiar functions or have the desired effect, unless the bowels are kept moderately open. To produce this, gentle purgatives are necessary and such only ought to be used that cannot interfere with the anthelmintic employed. The advantages we claim for this Syrup are:

1st. Its power of DESTROYING AND EXPELLING WORMS!

2d. Its mild aperient effect upon the bowels.

3d. Its pleasant taste and odor are advantages possessed or claimed by very few Vermifuges.

4th. Its harmless influence upon the system, consequently no injurious effects will result from its use should the patient have no Worms, but an apparent disease, arising from some other unknown cause, which is frequently the case.

The constituents of this Syrup and its effects are known to many Physicians, who are now using it in their practice to a large extent.

Price 25 cents a bottle.

The Greatest Liniment in Use.

BELL'S WHITE OIL!—*The Blandest, Cleanest, most Penetrating and most Economical Liniment in Use.*—A powerful Oleaginus Compound for the Speedy Cure of Rheumatism, Strains, Sprains, Wounds, Numbness of the Limbs, Frosted Feet and Hands, Spavin, Saddle Galls, Poll Evil, Ring Bone, Bruises, Swellings of all kind, and in fact every disease for which an Embrocation is applicable, either in Man or Beast. Price 25 cents a bottle.—This preparation, which is original with us, will be found to be one of the nicest and at the same time one of the most reliable applications extant.

Having been employed very extensively since its introduction and feeling satisfied of its remedial properties, we recommend it with the utmost confidence, knowing that no one will be disappointed in its use. It is, as its name implies, a white Liniment of the consistency of cream, containing nothing offensive, but, on the contrary, will be found more pleasant than otherwise.

Bell's Alterative,

OR CONDITION POWDERS!

FOR HORSES, CATTLE & SWINE.

25 cents a paper, or five papers for $1.

The immense sale of these Powders during the short period they have been before the public, is a sufficient guarantee of their great popularity, and the decided benefits derived from their use.

They are confidently recommended not only as a preventive, but as a complete cure for all diseases incident to the HORSE, COW or HOG, as Loss of Appetite, Coughs, Heaves, Yellow Water, Distemper, Glanders, &c., &c.

By their use the Horse's Appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance, and may be used with perfect safety at all times, as it contains no ingredients which can injure a horse, whether sick or well.

They cleanse the breathing apparatus by ejecting from the air cells coagulated matter, or that formation which so severely clogs them, causing a tightness in breathing, and by their peculiar action on that part, they cause the mucus membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size.

For fattening cattle they are invaluable, also possessing peculiar properties in increasing the quantity of milk in Cows, thereby giving them an importance and value which should place them within the hands of all interested.

All diseases to which the Hog is subject, as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs and Liver, and as a general purifier of the blood we guarantee their efficacy if once fairly tried.

☞Sold at Gettysburg by A. D. Buehler, Apothecary, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally. Ask for Bell's Preparations.

Prepared exclusively by W. D. Bell, Apothecary, (Graduate of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,) West Washington St., Hagerstown, Md. [Oct. 16, 1865. 1y

THE GREAT REDUCTION in prices at the EXCELSIOR, in York street, opposite the Bank, places the superior Pictures made at that old establishment within reach of all, and I trust no one will fail to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded. I. G. TYSON.

INSURE AGAINST ACCIDENTS in the TRAVELLERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD. Its premiums are low, and it *pays losses promptly.*

TAKE NOTICE.

FARMERS AND DEALERS IN FERTILIZERS will please take notice that we have adopted the following Trade Mark to protect ourselves, and prevent those who use our RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE from being deceived when purchasing manures.

We have been obliged to give this protection to our customers, in consequence of several parties having unlawfully used our distinctive name, viz: "Raw Bone," in offering their article to the public. This Trade Mark is adopted in addition to the title "Raw Bone," which is our exclusive property, and we caution all manufacturers from using it in future. We would state to the trade and consumers, that they will find it to their interest to see that the "Trade Mark" is upon every bag and barrel they purchase, as none other is genuine.

BAUGH & SONS.

TRADE MARK

B A U G H S '

RAW BONE

Super Phosphate of Lime,

Manufactured by BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

The great popularity of our article has been found sufficient inducement to certain imitators to *manufacture and advertise* "Raw Bone Phosphates," a name which originated with us, and is our own rightful property. We will state for the information of all, that we are the exclusive manufacturers of this article—the original and sole proprietors of it—having been manufactured by us for a period of twelve years. Also that it is covered by several *letters patent, held only by ourselves.*

We are now ready to supply it in large quantities—having made recent additions and improvements. Vessels drawing 16 feet of water can load directly from the wharves of the works, which are located at the foot of Morris Street, Delaware River. We call the attention of DEALERS to this great advantage. The present indications are that we shall have a greatly increased demand over last spring and fall seasons, and we advise Farmers to send in their orders to their respective Dealers at an early day, that all may be supplied promptly.

Soliciting your continued orders,

We remain,
Yours very truly,
BAUGH & SONS,
No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue,
Feb. 5, 1866. 9m PHILADELPHIA.

CHOLERA PREVENTIVE!

I. X. 1866. L.

THE GREAT ZINGARI BITTERS.

THIS WONDERFUL REMEDY was discovered and introduced about twenty years ago by Dr. S. Cheopsus, an eminent Egyptian physcian.

He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much of the suffering which the human family was then compelled to endure.

The great question was presented to his mind every day in vivid colors as he moved among the sick and dying, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies then in use. Thus he was lead to think and experiment; and after ten years of study and labor, he presented to his fellow man the wonderful Zingari Bitters. The effect of this preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, was so marvellous and astonishing, that the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopsus, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative measure, and with such great success that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The old saying that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to cholera, and therefore any remedy that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the excretory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is true not only of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fevers.

The Zingari Bitters is just such a remedy as the above conditions require. It acts on the organs of excretion and secretion, keeping up a perfect balance between them. This Bitters is composed entirely of roots and herbs, so nicely concocted that every organ is acted upon and put in tone. Its taste is pleasant and its effects prompt and lasting.

Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anæmia, Female Irregularties, Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Colic, Scrofula, &c.

Price, one dollar per quart bottle.

Principal Depot at the Walnut street Wharf, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sold by Druggists, Hotel-keepers & Grocers.

F. RATHER,
Sole Proprietor.

☞For sale by Wm. J. Martin, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

April 16, 1866. 1y

$25 THE $25

UNION BUSINESS COLLEGE,

HANDEL and HAYDEN HALL,
EIGHTH AND SPRING GARDEN STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,
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PENMANSHIP. Three Months.....$7
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The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this College to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates.

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Life Scholarship..... $25
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Special Terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the Sons of Ministers and Teachers.

DAY AND EVENING INSTRUCTION FOR BOTH SEXES AND ALL AGES,

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OFFICE—531 NORTH EIGHTH ST., PHILADELPHIA. THOMAS M. PEIRCE.

April 23, 1866. 3m

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS, in great variety, at SCHICK'S.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin, and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Laughlin & Bushfield, Wheeling, Va.; C. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg; Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.

Dec. 11, 1865. 1y

The Greatest Family Medicine in the World,

FOR

SORE THROAT,

OR

DIPTHERIA.

The attention of the public, and especially the sufferers from that dreadful disease, Diptheria or Sore Throat, is called to the great remedy known as

Stonebraker's BALSAM, OR PAIN KILLER,

As a sure cure for Sore Throat or Diptheria, Croup, Bronchitis, Scarlet Fever, &c., and all other diseases of the throat, and also an infallible remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Sick Headache, Sudden Colds and Coughs, Neuralgia, Phthisic, Old Sores, &c. It is also invaluable for Bruises, Frosted Feet, Swelled Joints, Bites of Poisonous Insects, &c., and a prompt and sure remedy for Cramp Cholic and all Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

This medicine has been tried in thousands of cases in different parts of the country, and has never failed to cure if used in time, and according to directions. A great amount of suffering might often be saved by having a couple of bottles of this valuable medicine in the house. As an evidence of its great qualities the proprietor warrants every bottle to give entire satisfaction.

Try it and be convinced of its great value.

READ FURTHER.

STONEBRAKER'S GREAT COUGH REMEDY,

VEGETABLE

COUGH SYRUP

For the Rapid Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Spitting of Blood, First Stages of Consumption, Soreness of the Throat, and all Affections of the Pulmonary Organs.

This Syrup is an invaluable remedy for the alleviation and cure of Pulmonary Diseases. It is prompt in its action, pleasant to the taste, and from its extreme mildness, is peculiarly applicable to the use of children and persons in delicate health. As an anodyne expectorant, it will always be found to be beneficial, by alleviating and arresting the several spells of coughing so distressing to the patient.

The afflicted can rely upon its doing of much, or more than any other remedy in soothing the nerves, facilitating expectoration, and healing the Diseased Lungs, thus striking at the root of all diseases and eradicating it from the system.

All I ask is a trial of this preparation, as it has no equal in its effects, and never fails to give entire satisfaction to all who use it. We warrant it in all cases or the money refunded.

Try it—only 25 and 50 Cents a Bottle.

READ ONE! READ ALL!

A GREAT DISCOVERY

MADE IN

Stonebraker's DYSPEPSIA BITTERS

AND

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Will Cure All Cases of

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

And Diseases Originating from a

DISEASED LIVER and STOMACH

By the use of from one to three bottles the most obstinate cases of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Dropsy, Loss of Appetite, Costiveness, Jaundice, Cholera Morbus, Female Weakness and Irregularities, *Nervous Affection* and General Debility, caused by exposure, imprudence, or otherwise, Diseases of the Skin, such as Ulcers, Scrofula, Dull Pain in the Head, Yellowness of the Skin, Dimness of Vision, Constant